جوردان تايمر يومية سياسية تصحر بالإيتبليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية والرايء

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq Friday denied remarks by Bahrain's grime minister that it had planned to capture more Gulf Arab states after its invasion of Kuwait in August. "It is saddening to hear this talk from someone we respect and whose viewpoints we also respect," First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan said. "We assert that the measures applied to the province of Kuwait and the villains of (Kuwait's custed ruling) Al Sabah family are not for other Gulf states regardless of their size of the insults of their rulers," the Iraqi News Agency (INA) quoted him as saying. Bahrain's Gulf Daily Wednesday quoted Sheikh Khalifa Ben Salman Al Khalifa as saying: "The painful fact is that the Iraqis did intend the same situation in the Eastern Province (of Saudi Arabia). Bahrain, Qatar and possibly the UAE (United Arab Emirates). "The Iraqis definitely intended to drive their forces across our borders." Ramadan said Sheikh Khalifa's remarks showed that he, like King Fahd of Saudi Arabia, had fallen victim to "misleading information" spread by the United States and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak.

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### **Tight security**

AMMAN (J.T.) — Renowned Arab poet and writer Ahmad Ali Sa'id, better known as Adonis, came under attack by Islamist university students Friday night in and a lo m. as he recited his controversial poetry at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC). Syrian-born Adonis was provided with tight security as be left the conference hall where his recital was disrupted by shouts of "Allahu Akbar from some 40 bearded university students who described Adonis' poetry as "blasphemous." All doors of the RCC were locked and about 30 uniformed police and a number of plainclothed security men tried to quiet down the protestors, but stopped short of clashing when the Islamist youth walked out chanting, "No God but Allah, Adonis is the enemy of Allah." The audience of about 30 gave Adonis a standing ovation as the youth left the hall. The Muslim Brotherhood movement denied that it was responsienitsyn rek ble for the protest.

#### 5 Israeli officers killed in crash

TEL AVIV (AP) — Five Israeli air force officers were killed when their light plane crashed during a freight mission, the military command said Friday. In a brief announcement, it said the accident occurred Thursday night in southern Israel. There were no survivors. Giora Rom, head of the air force staff, said plane took off in the dark in "slightly hazy atmosphere" and hit the ground about two minutes later. Rom added that the pilots were experienced and that the reasons for the accident were

#### Assad, Hrawi discuss security

Tr.: MURKI DE BEIRUT (R) — President Elias Faralities of and Hrawi returned to Beirut Friday isnuary after talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad on consolidating a let procede efforts to end Lebanon's 15 nined under as years of civil war. The two lead-. Tahii he ers held long talks in Damascus Brando made! Thursday evening at their 10th meeting since Hrawi's election last year. A presidential statement issued in Beirut said Assad and Hrawi discussed strengthening a security plan for reunited Beint, which was put under the control of Lebanese troops 11 days ago. "Both presidents stressed the urgent need to act on required steps in the political and administrative fields according to the national reconciliation pact," the statement said.

#### Bonn to press na reponent Soviets for erother in in Honecker

shar her Time BONN (R) — Germany's govthe way of the transfer will press Moscow to hand over ousted East German ruler Erich Honecker, who is living in a Soviet army hospital, to Berlin prosecutors for trial on manslaughter charges, a spokesman said Friday.

### Dhaka announces March 2 polls

Tother major of DHAKA (R) — Bangladesh's acting President Shahabuddin amonths but Ahmad has months pur Ahmad has set the date for an official statement said Friday. It said details for the elections would be announced shortins the world parliamentry elections on March

### Ter Where the Gorbachev receives Nobel medal, cash

s of from MOSCOW (AP) — President Mikhail Gorbachev received the Nobel Peace Prize Medal in a Kremlin ceremony Friday and said he would donate the cash creases cant award to charity, the TASS news

# Paper says Libya capitals costies cost behind bombing tational print LONDON

13 nonal Iwin LONDON (R) — A British standard of the spaper said Friday investigaproof that Libya was behind the grocery house had killed 270 people. The Indend footwer, respage lead article citing unnamed estic helf premier sources close to the inompaint it was sources close to the incompaint it is a sed on analysis of a detonator
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which it was site. ranked light

### Brotherhood-independents coalition splits; way clear for Badran to reshuffle

New cabinet expected by end of this week

By Ghadeer Taher Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The biggest bloc in Parliament has failed to reach agreement on joining a new government and appears to be breaking up only two months after it was formed.

"They agreed to disagree." said an independent Islamist deputy, who is a member of the Parliamentary Unity Coalition. "This means that each group in the coalition can negotiate with the government and any member of the coalition can join the government on his own," the deputy told the Jordan Times.

The 36-member coalition. which emerged as a strong force last month by ensuring that its nominee, Dr. Abdul Latif Arabiyat, was elected speaker of the House, met late into the night Wednesday to decide about participation in the government but no consensus was reached either way, the deputy said.

Four members of the Muslim Brotherhood, Abdul Munem Abu Zant, Hammam Saeed. Mohammad Abu Fares and Ibrahim Khreisat, and four fellow deputies from other blocs proposed a motion against joining the government. The issue was put to a vote and the eight

deputies lost.

Parliamentary sources said that the leadership of the Brotherhood had already taken a decision to join the government and that the four Brotherhood deputies who were against the decision to join were trying "to override the leadership's de-

The Islamist deputy said then there was a debate on whether to join the government of Mudar Badran by assuming portfolios in a limited reshuffle or press for a new government. Again, no consensus was reached, he said.

According to coalition rules, any decision by the group re-

quires the votes of at least 75 per cent of the members.

Salim Zoubi, a pan-Arab nationalist member of the coalition who voted against joining the government in a limited resbuffle, said the meeting showed a split "between and within the various blocs comprising the coalition."

Zoubi said that only 60 per cent of the members of the coalition participated in the voting. "The other 40 per cent either did not attend the meeting or walked out before the voting took place," the Ramtha deputy

(Continued on page 4)

# 3 Israelis stabbed to death in Jaffa

TEL AVIV (Agencies) -Palestinians stabbed to death three Israelis at Tel Aviv factory Friday, police said, charging the killings were carried out to mark three years since the founding of the Islamic fundamentalist Hamas movement.

Hundreds of angry Israelis immediately gathered to demand revenge on Palestinians, and others stoned Palestinian workers in cars returning to the occupied Gaza Strip. The windows of one car were smashed as the Palestinian driver fled, and it was later set on fire.

Two other cars were damaged by stones, a Palestinian suffered a minor stab injury, and three Jewish rioters were arrested.

police said. Police Minister Rom Milo said he would propose to the cabinet

Gaza and the West Bank entering Israel. He told Israel Radio he already had ordered police to step up efforts to find Palestinians staying "illegally" in the Jewish state.

Right-wing politicians deman-

ded a crackdown on Palestinians working in Israel, while leftwingers blamed the killings on the failure of Israeli-Palestinian peace efforts. Tel Avív police spokeswoman

Ettie Grinberg said the bodies of two factory workers and a secretary, were discovered Friday morning inside a factory in the industrial zone of Jaffa, a town governed by Tel Aviv.

They had been stabbed repeatedly and anti-Israeli slogans signed by the fundamentalist group Hamas were spray painted in black on a wall inside the factory, police said.

Police Commissioner Yaacov Terner rushed to the scene and said the slaying was a "grave event. The sole reason for this murder is nationalism. The slogans written in Arabic on the walls inside are clear."

"They took the responsibility and they came for one reason only, to kill. Hamas did it, they did it for the purpose of killing to mark the Hamas anniversary, he said.

Hamas had called for an escalation of the Palestinian uprising Friday, the third anniversary of the movement's founding.

Police questioned Palestinians from nearby factories while several hundred Jews at the site, shouting "Death to the Araba and "No work for the Arabs.

### (Continued on page 5) new limits on Palestinians from Benjedid arrives in Oman

MUSCAT (Agencies) - Algerian President Chadli Benjedid arrived Friday on the fourth stop of a Gulf peace mission clouded by Sandi rejection of talks with

Benjedid was accorded a red carpet welcome by Sultan Qaboos on arrival from Iran. Oaboos is the current chairman of the six-member Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) which also comprises Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Qatar, the United Arab

Emirates and Bahrain. The Algerian leader visited Jordan and Irag before he began his two-day visit to Tehran

Thursday. The Oman News Agency said talks with Qaboos would deal with "issues of mutual interest in light of the latest developments in the region."

Earlier in the week, an Arab diplomat said Benjedid was attempting to arrange a meeting between Iragi President Saddam Hussein and King Fahd of Saudi Arabia. But the Saudi govern-

### Oman calls on Arab states to back Algerian efforts

NICOSIA (R) - Oman called on Arab states on Friday to support Gulf peace efforts by Algerian President Chadli Benjedid and said optimism over peace was growing.

Benjedid arrived in Oman earlier on the fourth leg of a tour to discuss an Arab solution to the Gulf crisis. "It can be said that optimism in regard to the Gulf crisis is now replacing pessimism," Oman's minister of state for foreign affairs,

Yousef Ben Alawi, said. "And for optimism to be totally felt there must be full support for the Algerian effort to find a peaceful settlement.

"We call on all Arab states to support these efforts." Alawi said Benjedid's mission was "very important in these critical circumstances..."

The minister, quoted by the Omani News Agency, was speaking after Benjedid held an hour of talks in Muscat with Sultan Qaboos.

ment threw cold water on that plan, saying Iraq should withdraw from Kuwait before any talks are held.

In a brief talk with reporters before taking off from Tehran's Mehrabad airport, Benjedid said his tour of regional countries was aimed at peacefully resolving the Gulf crisis sparked by Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait. But he acknowledged that

(Continued on page 5)

### Bush threatens to call off planned talks with Iraq

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -U.S. President George Bush is preapred to call off planned talks with Iraq on the Gulf crisis because the two countries have been unable to agree on meeting dates, two senators said Friday.

The two governments have been unable to agree on a date for Secretary of State James Baker to visit Baghdad to talk to Iraq's President Saddam Hussein, and for Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz to meet with Bush in Washington.

"The president — as I gather his mood today --- is prepared to have no meetings rather than to see a lot of shoving around... if we have no meetings so be it," Senator Richard Lugar said after meeting with Bush Friday morn-

Lugar and McCain were part of a group of Republican and Democratic congressmen who met with Bush to convey their

support in the event military force is required to drive the Iragis from Kuwait. McCain said they expressed

concern to Bush that U.S. allies were not contributing more to the Gulf military effort. The United States dominates a multinational force arrayed against

"Japan, Germany — almost everybody but the Saudis and the Kuwaitis, quite frankly have not fulfilled the commitments that they made to support us in this effort, financially in the Japanese and German cases and militarily in some other cases," McCain said.

He said Bush also expressed concern about allied contributions to the effort against Iraq. A Democrat at the meeting, Representative Robert Torricelli, said a show of national unity on the Gulf was necessary to prevent Iraq from misreading

U.S. resolve to use force. "We would all like the situation in which sanctions might work. But they are not going to work," he said.

McCain told reporters: "The president feels he has taken the necessary steps that encourages dialogue, and if they fail to respond in a reasonable and mature fashion, then he's made his best effort and that's it."

Iraq has said Aziz could come to the United States on Dec. 17, and that Baker would be received in Baghdad on Jan. 12. The United States wants Bak-

er to make his trip sometime between Dec. 20 and Jan. 3. It says Jan. 12 is too close to the Jan. 15 deadline set by the U.N. for Irac to quit Kuwait or face possible military action. Defence Secretary Dick Cheney said in testimony to

(Continued on page 4)

### U.N. urges end to aid for Israel

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) — The General Assembly has urged member states to halt all aid to Israel over its occupation of Arab territories and cailed anew for a peace conference on the Palestinian issue.

The United States voted against the measures after its representative Jack Stein complained to the assembly that "such divisive language does not promote the cause of peace." The assembly adopted the me-

asures by wide margins. The United States has been struggling to remove language endorsing a Mideast peace conference from a draft resolution of the more influential U.N. Security Council, fearing it would look like a "concession"

Israel vehemently opposes any such conference. A U.S. veto of the proposal could jeopardise the tenuous Arab coalition the United States has aligned against Iraq, which has championed the Palestinian call for a state since it invaded Kuwait on Aug. 2.

A Security Council vote on the resolution has been put off six times in a week. Another one is tentatively planned for Mon-

The United States has not yet reached agreement with sponsors of the resolution. The Soviet Union is seeking talks with the Palestine Liberation Organisation before the vote, the diplomats added.

Council President Abdallah Al Ashtal of Yemen confirmed the postponement of the vote. the third in less than a week. He said it was "important" that Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze talk to Palestine Liberation Organisation leader Yasser Arafat.

The two were supposed to meet in Ankara Thursday or Friday, according to Palestinian sources at the United Nations. Shevardnadze was in Turkey Thursday and Friday.

Cuban Ambassador Ricardo Alarcon, in rallying the General Assembly to endorse a peace conference, declared, "There is a need for a comprehensive peace in the Middle East based on the withdrawal of Israel from the occupied territories."

The resolution endorsing a peace conference was adopted 99-19 with 32 abstentions. Israel, the United States and several European nations were among those voting against it.

The resolution also condemned "Israel's aggression" against the Palestinians and declared that U.S. military and economic aid has "encouraged Israel to pursue its aggressive -and expansionist policies".

It also declared that strategic U.S.-Israeli cooperation has "had adverse effects on efforts for the establishment of a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East." Stein protested that "the Un-

ited States remains firmly supportive of efforts to achieve a comprehensive peace," but added that "the shape of a final settlement cannot be dictated by any party in advance."

### PRAYER FOR RAIN: Citizens Friday performed a special prayer for rains. Jordan needs urgent rains to help the agricultural sector

U.S. doubts over Arab-Arab dialogue unfounded — Crown Prince AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan

> that an Arab-Arab dialogue will harm efforts to resolve the Gulf crisis are unfounded. "Clearly all parties have to talk. You notice those countries aligned with the military force buildup in the (region) meeting in Cairo on the one side and

> > interview with the American Cable News Network (CNN). The Crown Prince said talks on both sides should be linked in order to achieve progress towards peace. "At some stage I think that should be hyphenated if a contribution to be made," he

Arab visitors to Baghdad on the

other." the Crown Prince said in

said Friday American suspicion

Following are excerpts from

the interview: Q: The exchange of talks between

(Iraqi Foreign Minister) Tareq Aziz and Secretary of State James Baker we have not yet got a date for them and have to assume that we will have a date. But is this the kind of thing that is good for the Gulf to reach a peaceful settlement? Is it a first step? A: Let us hope so. I think the dispute is very clearly recognised in paragraph 3 of Resolution 660. I think at the first step is clearly to recog nise the need to implement the operative paragraphs of that resolution. But we used the term discus-

sion. I believe yes. A discussion has to take place as to how this implementation could take place and let us hope that the first step in Washington will be followed by subsequent steps including James Baker's visit to

Q: Are you concerned that the dates have not been set up firmly just yet?

A: I think there has to be an agreement on dates, and every indication seems to be that way. It will be tragic if war was to devastate the region

Q: There is a major move now going forward by Algerian President Benjedid. He has been here to see King Hussein. He has made many many talks with other leaders before coming here. He has been to Baghdad. What can you tell us about those

A: We have deep faith in his statesmanship, his integrity and I believe that he is concentrating centrally on the need for Arab contribution to peace-making and that comes very centrally in Resolution 660. There is no contradiction between Arab participation and international resolution of the Gulf dispute.

(Continued on page 5)

### Doctors raise alarm over EC to possible Gulf casualties

LONDON (AP) - An anti-war group of British doctors said Friday the country will be unable to cope with the number of casualties that would result from a conflict in the Gulf. "Preparations are being made

in the expectation of heavy war casualties. But these measures cannot match their likely scale," said a report released Friday by the Medical Campaign Against Nuclear Weapons. Meanwhile, Americans on the

last evacuation flight from Iraq headed home Friday, closing the chapter on one issue in the Gulf

A C-5 military transport plane took off from Frankfurt, Germany, Friday carrying U.S. Ambassador Nathaniel Howell, four other diplomats, 33 other Americans and non-U.S. citizen family members, as well as 15 people going to Canada.

The passengers were from a flight 91 people left Baghdad late Thursday night. Other foreigners had made their own plans to return home, U.S. officials

Howeli and his staff in Kuwait had defied Iraqi orders to close foreign missions in its "19th province." British envoys, who had been the only other holdouts, were also expected to leave now that Iraq has allowed all previously detained foreigners out of the country.

Howell left the Gulf region aboard the last of the evacuation charters.

Friday, the British Ministry of Defence rebutted figures used by the Medical Campaign Against Nuclear Weapons in its conclusion that plans being made for Gulf war casualties wil be inadequate.

### 20 dead in Morocco riot

CASABLANCA (R) — A Moroccan union said more than Fez Friday when security forces clashed with demonstrators during a general strike. A spokesman for the Union Generale des Travailleurs Marocains (UGTM) said rioting broke out when students attacked buses driven by soldiers brought in to replace striking bus drivers. A UGTM official in Fez contacted by telephone said between 20 and 30 people had been killed. "I can hear gunfire while I am

He said heavy police reinforcements and troops in armoured cars moved into the old city after students set fire to two buses and smashed the windows of 14 others.

talking to you," he said

The UGTM and the Confederation Democratique du Tra-

vail (CDT) called a one-day general strike Friday in support of 20 people were killed and dozens a long list of demands including wounded in the central city of doubling of the legal minimum wage to 2,000 dirhams (\$250) a

> Both the UGTM and CD7 said the Fez incidents did not involve their members, who had been told to stay at home during the strike.

> A state security source said several members of the security forces were injured in Fez but did not confirm demonstrators

had been killed. Government officials were not immediately available for com-

A spokesman for the CDT said there were serious incidents in Fez but had no casualty fi-

"We have no details because we did not have any strike pickets out. We told all our people to stay at home," he said.

simply because the partes were not able to meet and talk...

and replenish the Kingdom's water reserves

(photos by Yousef Al 'Allan)

# give aid to Soviets

ROME (Agencies) — European Community (EC) leaders Friday agreed to give immediate emergency aid to the Soviet Union to fight food shortages and bolster Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

Italian officials hosting a twoday EC summit said the aid package amounted to about \$1 billion in grants and credits.

"All, without expection, are in agreement to give immediate belp to the Soviet Union," said summit spokesman Pio Mastrobuoni, summarising the views of the 12 leaders at their opening session Friday morning.

agreed on the need to support Gorbachev's reform efforts. Earlier this week, the United States guaranteed the Soviets \$1.3 billion in loans to buy U.S. farm products and manufactured

The European leaders also

The European leaders stressed Friday that the Soviet problem was less one of the famine than of poor distribution. Italian officials said the food would be targeted for Moscow and

Leningrad. The EC leaders were equally concerned about preserving Gorbachev's political hold, which is under constant challenge from various quarters of Soviet society.

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witzerland. the agency said.

### U.S., Israel of one mind, Shamir says

NEW YORK (R) - Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir told Jewish leaders Thursday that his meeting this week with President George Bush had been constructive and positive and the two countries were firm about preventing Iraq from benefitting from its invasion of Kuwait.

The prime minister capped a week-long visit to New York and Washington and meetings with Bush. Vice-President Dan Quayle and Secretary of State James Baker with an address before the Conference of Presidents of Major Jewish Ogranisa-

"Israel and the United States are of one mind in regard to the absolute necessity to prevent Saddam Hussein from gaining any advantage from his aggression, and the necessity to remove the threat to the region and to Israel which is posed by [raq's military power," he said.

Shamir delivered his speech and answered questions at the United Jewish Appeal Federation offices before boarding a plane back to Israel.

He stressed Israel's unequivocal support of Bush's Gulf policy and said the week's meetings further demonstrated the strength of the U.S.-Israeli alliance.

"It was clear that the areas of agreement between us are overwhelmingly greater than points of disagreement," he said. The meetings came after a year and a half of tense relations

between the two countries over peace efforts in the Middle East and Israeli treatment of Palesti-

Shamir said he told Bush that Israel was ready "at any time, to negotiate with the Palestinians." but they agreed that the Gulf crisis was an obstacle to any immediate action.

"We will continue to consult with the United States and prepare the ground for the resumption of the efforts at the appropriate time," he said.

Shamir also said he was pleased to talk with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, who surprised Shamir by

requesting a meeting with him. Calling their discussion "friendly," Shamir said they had talked of normalising diplomatic relations between Israel and the Soviet Union.

He said Shevardnadze expressed concern over the weapons proliferation in the Middle East and hoped the Soviet Union could "contribute to a safer and more secure climate in our region."

Regarding the mass migration of Soviet Jews to Israel. Shamir said he had no choice but to appeal to the United States and other countries to help cover \$40 billion resettlement costs.

Soviet Jews have been arriving in Israel at a rate of about 30,000 per month. Shamir said he hoped United States could find a way to help without burdening U.S. taxpayers.

### Saudi protesters on U.S. feminist award list

WASHINGTON (R) — A U.S. feminist group has named as its first annual feminists of the year Saudi women who broke a taboo in their conservative country by driving cars through the capital last month.

Among the others chosen for the 1990 bonour list of the Virginia-based Feminist Majority Foundation was Irish President-elect Mary Robinson for having "rum as a feminist." The group said its list, with 13

awards, honoured those who risked their jobs and took other bold action to promote equality between women and men. About 50 women, many from prominent families, defied a

Saudi ban on women drivers in a Nov. 6 protest by dropping off their chauffeurs and driving their cars through Riyadh.

They were detained by police but released after signing a pledge not repeat the action. Several of the protesters were

later reported to have lost their

jobs as teachers in all-women

university classes.

Others named to the list were American comedienne Nora Dunn for refusing to appear on a television programme with Andrew Dice Clay, a foulmouthed comedian flayed as sexist by feminists, and American sports writer Lisa Olson. whose harassment by naked football players as she carried out a locker-room interview

Harvard Law School Profes--sor Derrick Bell, a man, was selected for refusing to teach classes until a black woman was hired as a law professor by Har-

drew national attention. --

the Feminist Majority Foundation, said the awards reflected "an incredible outburst of spontaneous grassroots feminist action" this year.

### Japan rejects criticism of Gulf policy

TOKYO (R) — The Japanese government has been forced to defend its Gulf policy against angry Japanese who say it falls between toughness and appeasement, and in the end

pleases nobody. Japanese who have returned to Japan in the last two weeks, many of them business executives and professionals, have been unusually frank in their criticism of the government.

"We all had the same feelings of frustration that our government was simply doing nothing - not actually sending personnel to help U.N. forces, but still donating money so that the Iragis saw us as their enemy," one told Reuters.

The man, who asked not to be named, said some large companies were telling their employees not to criticise the government's handling of the Gulf crisis in the press.

Another said diplomacy without the backing of military force was as good as useless.

"I think the fact that so few people agreed with dispatching the Self-Defence Force shows how little everyone cared," he

In November, the government withdrew a bill to send troops in a non-combat role to the Guif after widespread public opposi-

third Japanese said: "A nation can't have peace without power. Poeple living in Japan seem never to understand that." Taizo Watanabe, spokesman for the Foreign Ministry, told a news conference Friday there was no alternative to the government's policy.

"We extend our sympathy to the hostages and their families. Their suffering must be unbearable," he said. "We had to stand firm against

the aggressor and invader and follow the United Nations sanctions. We could not have made a deal. Dividing the alliance would not work," he said.

Japan has supported the U.N. sanctions and given money to the multinational force and Middle East countries. The Japanese press this week

has carried many complaints. The weekly Shukan Asahi magazine quoted one Japanese who was held in Iraq as saying he Eleanor Smeal, president of wanted to punch Foreign Minister Taroq Nakayama, complaining that he had got in the way of the attempts to secure their safe-

### Velayati: Iran, Turkey share aims for Gulf peace

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati, back in Tehran after a two-day visit to Turkey, said the two nations agreed on the need for a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis that would include restoration of Kuwait's independence.

Velayati reiterated that Iran and Turkey also shared common views on the territorial integrity of Iraq, and dismissed any change in the geographical map of the region as "very dangerous," the official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported.

"We consider an outbreak of war in this sensitive region detrimental to the interests of regional countries as we regard Iraq's invasion of Kuwait as a wrong act," Velayati was quoted as saying at a news conference after his return Thursday.

Velayati said his talks in Ankara focused on the Gulf crisis and expanding ties between Iran and Turkey. He described them as "very constructive and fruit-

Asked about allegations of smuggling to Iraq via the Iranian border. Velayati said. "we arrested some suspects in this connection two months ago and ever since we have not had any other case."

He said issues related to the economic cooperation organisation grouping Iran, Turkey and

### Pakistan was among other topics discussed by the two sides. The foreign ministers of the

three countries are to meet in Islamabad next month for talks regarding the security of the region and on activating the organisation, said IRNA.

#### Iraq states position

Iraq has said it would never attack Turkey.

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) quoted the defence minister as saying: "Iraq has never thought of and will never think of attack-

ing Turkey, a friendly country." INA did not name the minister, but Lieutenant-General Saadi Tu'ma Abbas Al Jubouri was appointed to the post Wednesday.

The Iraqi minister was commenting on a statement by Turkish Defence Minister Husnu Dogan Sunday in which he said Turkey had built up its forces in the southeast in case of attack by

"If someone has fabricated bad news, Turkish officials can rest assured that Iraq harbours only friendship and a desire to establish well-developed relations with Turkey in the interests of both countries and Muslims," the Iraqi minister said.

He described Iraq and Turkey as being joined in Islam and good neighbourliness.

### Ex-CIA agent gets 16 months in jail in Iran-contra tax case At the direction of then White

WASHINGTON (R) — Former Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) agent Thomas Clines who helped arrange arms sales in the Iran-contra affair, was sentenced Thursday to 16 months in prison for failing to pay taxes on his share of the profits from the covert operation, the Irancontra special prosecutor's office

It said Federal Judge Norman Ramsey in Baltimore also fined Clines, who was found guilty by a jury last September of four income tax law violations.

Clines was ordered to pay \$40,000 and the cost of the goverument's investigation. . Clines, a business partner in

the Tran-contra arms supply operation known as "The Enterprise," had faced a maximum sentence of 16 years in prison and a \$1 million fine. The Iran-contra independent

special prosecutor, Lawrence Walsh, had urged that Clines get substantial time in prison, but he did not recommend a specific

House aide Oliver North, the Enterprise sold arms to Iran. diverted the profits through Swiss bank accounts and provided weapons to the Nicaraguan contra rebels in 1985-86 when Congress banned U.S. military assistance. Clines, 62, retired from the

CIA in 1978. As an arms merchant, he was

linked with the activities of renegade former CIA operative Edwin Wilson, who is now in prison for smuggling arms to Clines was charged last Febru-

ary with under-reporting to the Internal Revenue Service his income in 1985 and 1986 by several hundred thousand dollars and with falsely stating on his tax forms that he had no foreign financial accounts.

Lawyers for Clines at the trial claimed he did not know the workings of the foreign accounts, which were handled by a European accountant.

### Kuwaiti envoy to U.N. urges peaceful solution

LOS ANGELES (R) - A senior Kuwaiti official Thursday urged a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis, saying the use of force would hurt the Kuwaiti people more than anyone else. "We are the last people who would be calling for military action, because our people would be in the front line."

ited States, said. He added, however, that the allies could not afford to wait too long after the Jan. 15 deadline set by the United Nations for

Sheikh Saud Nasir Al Sabab, the

Kuwaiti ambassador to the Un-

Iraq to withdraw from Kuwait before taking action. "The longer we wait, the more difficult it will be for everyone. That will enable Iraq to enforce its position in Kuwait, to develop more weapons. It will get

more dangerous, and it goes Sabah, talking to reporters before addressing a meeting of the town hall of California, a public affairs forum, said the United Nations sanctions, imposed shortly after Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait, did not

appear to be working. "They have been in operation for four months now and we have not seen any sign that they are having any effect on Iraq, he said.

Sabah, who had represented Kuwait in Washington since 1981 and was formerly the Kuwaiti ambassador to Britain, said Kuwaiti intelligence believed 2,000 Kuwaitis were killed in the initial invasion, and that 1,500 members of the Kuwaiti resistance movement had since been killed.

In a reference to Iraq's argument that the invasion was over a border dispute, Sabah said the borders were set jointly by the two countries and Kuwait had nothing to discuss with Iraq on that question. A disputed oil field was five kilometres inside Kuwait according to the previously agreed borders, he added.

"If Iraq feels it has a legitimate grievance, the appropriate place to air it is in a civilised body, such as the United Nations, and not on the battlefield," he said.

Sabah ruled out tying any settlement to the Palestinian question, as proposed by Iraq.

## MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

### Aoun loyalists leave sanctuary

BEIRUT (R) — Five Lebanese officers loyal to ousted General Michel Aoun have joined President Elias Hrawi's forces after being holed up in the French embassy for more than two months, military sources said Friday. They said the French ambassador to Lebanon. Rene Ala, handed over the officers to army commander General Emile Lahoud on Thursday evening after several days of talks between French diplomats and the army command. The soldiers. two lieutenant colonels and three captains, were given refuge at the French embassy in the Christian suburb of Hazmiyeh along with Aoun and his top two aides on Oct. 13 when a Syrian-led assault forced the general to surrender. Aoun, Issam Abu Jamra and Found Ma'alouf, who defied the government's authority for 11 months, were granted political asylum in Paris but Hrawi has refused to let them go, saying he wanted to try them as war criminals. The sources said the five officers agreed to join Lahoud after receiving assurances that they would not be prosecuted Official sources said France was conducting behind-the-scemes talks to secure the departure of Aoun and his associates, but no breakthrough had yet been achieved.

### Tunislan publisher, journalist fined

TUNIS (R) — A Tunisian newspaper publisher and a journalist have been fined and given two-month suspended prison sentences for publishing a satirical article about absenteersm among members of parliament, their colleagues said Friday. Publisher Mohammad Ben Yousef and journalist Adel Lahmar of the independent French-language Tunis-Hebdo were fined 500 dinars (\$600) each. Thursday's prosecution of Tunis-Hebdo was one of five against private or opposition party newspapers this year. Newspapers and magazines have been confiscated or suspended on six occasions.

### Curses, flying chairs mar Nazareth meeting

NAZARETH (AP) - The Christmas spirit was not apparent in the town of Jesus' youth as the town council met. One member cursed another, chairs flew, and two council members were injured. Both sides in the battle filed police complaints following the Thursday night brawl at council chambers in the town. Town clerk Abdullah Jibran remained in hospital Friday with a head wound inflicted by a thrown chair. One councilman was treated for facial cuts and released. Witnesses said the incident began when Mayor Tewfik Zayyad ruled that councilman Mazen Makhzoumi of the fundamentalist Muslim movement was out of order in trying to address an issue not on the agenda. Makhzoumi responded with a shout, "may God put an end to your life," and the brawl crupted. Nazareth has a colourful histroy beyond being the place where Christ grew to manhood. Its past stretches to the early bronze age, about 3000 B.C., and it's been ruled by Jews, Crusaders and Arabs. In World War I, it was the Turkish army headquarters in Palestine. Today it has a population of about 50,000. Its 17member council includes five members of the Muslim movement nine from the leftist Hadash Party, two from the left-centre Progressive List for Peace and Equality, and one from the National Religious Party.

#### Nuseibah barred from travel

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — Israeli Interior Minister Arye Deri has barred leading Palestinian nationalist Sari Nuseibah from leaving the occupied territories for three months. Nuscibah told Reuters that police served him the order which said his travelling abroad could endanger "state security." He said he recently requested permission to leave to lecture at a symposium on the Palestinian-Israeli conflict in Washington this weekend. Israel radio said Nuseibah, a philosophy professor, would soon be indicted on allegations that he drafted leaflets which directed the three-year-old uprising. The Palestinian nationalist has in the past been named as a paymaster of the uprising in indictments against other activists. Last month, Israel jailed without trial three of the leading Palestinian nationalists from the occupied territories.

### Britain's envoy to Iraq back in London

LONDON (R) — Britain's ambassador in Baghdad returned to London Thursday for two weeks of talks on the Gulf crisis with British officials. Envoy Harold Walker left Baghdad aboard a U.S. charter flight to Frankfurt and flew to London accompanied by 13 Britons evacuated from Iraq and Kuwait. He told reporters at London's Heathrow airport that developments in the Gulf crisis, including the possibility of war breaking out next month, meant there was a need for direct talks with government ministers and foreign office officials. He said he expected to return to Baghdad on Dec. 28. Walker said issues he would discuss with Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd would include instructions for embassy staff in the event of war. The last two British diplomats in Kuwait, Ambassador Michael Weston and Consul Larry Banks, are due to leave within a week because most Britons there have been evacuated via Baghdad. The Foreign Office estimates there are about 40 British nationals in Kuwait and 140 in Iraq.

### Argentine warships to return from Gulf

BUENOS AIRES (R) — The two warships Argentina sent to the Gulf blockade are due to come home by the end of January, Foreign Minister Domingo Cavallo said Thursday, according to local private news agencies. Cavallo told the NA and DYN agencies that the "Almirante Brown," and "Spiro" warships, which are helping U.S.-led forces maintain a trade embargo against iraq, would not be replaced unless the Argentine congress gives President Carlos Menem authority to keep the vessels in the Gulf if war breaks out. Menem, the only Latin American leader to despatch troops to the Gulf, last week sent congress a bill asking it to allow the navy vessels to play a supporting role in any war.

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### Superpowers moving to close down costly Afghan war founded in 1717, was ruled by

By Barry Schweid The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - Superpower diplomacy may yet rescue Afghanistan after 12 years of war, one million deaths and staggering devastation that has made refugees of five million

The children, as is often the case in war, have suffered the

About half of the dead and displaced are children. Infant mortality is extremely high, rivaled only by the death rate in Cambodia and Sudan. Tuberculosis and Malaria are the biggest killers — inside the camps in Pakistan and Iran and within Afghanistan itself.

This week, the United States and the Soviet Union took some serious steps to end the fighting. They agreed in principle to stop providing the combatants with weapons and decided an election should be

agreement between us,"

an assistance programme to rehabilitate the country. The iob is immense. Apart from the one million

deaths, the war has left 700,000 widows and orphans and 535,000 disabled veterans, destroyed one-third of the country's villages and two-thirds of its paved roads and created two internal refugees.

held under international super-"There is a wide area of

Secretary of State James Baker said after talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze. But, he said, "there are still questions that have to be answered." Among them is the scope of

More than 100,000 of the country's educated elite have resettled abroad. Tensions among diverse ethnic groups have been exacerbated as the Soviet Union, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia and other outsiders sought to manipulate the outcome of the war to suit their own interests.

The Soviets wanted a client state. Pakistan wanted a government in Kabul it could influence. And the Sandis used their wealth to try to swing Afghanistan into the Muslim

The United States dubbed the guerrillas "freedom fighters" and armed them to combat Soviet influence.

Soviet president Mikhail Gorbachev withdrew the Red Army last year after more than nine years of warfare against the guerrillas and many U.S. analysts assumed President Najibullah's pro-Moscow government would collapse soon afterward.

They underestimated his skills and also the frictions among the guerrillas, some of whom are controlled by Pakistan and inclined to a Muslim fundamentalism at odds with democratic principles. Gorbachev's move did not

remove the superpowers from the conflict, however. The Soviets provide the Kabul government with about \$500 million a year in military assistance. The United States

and Saudi Arabia each help the guerrillas with about \$300 million in weapons and other military aid. The improvement in U.S.-Soviet relations in having a positive impact on regional conflicts like the one in Afgha-

mistan. For instance, the two powers are cooperating to try to end the fighting in Cambodia and Angola.

Afghanistan, which was

kings until Zahir Shah was overthrown in 1973. A Marxist coup in 1978 touched off a war that continues to tear the country apart.

In the meantime, athe United Nations has launched a reconstruction programme. U.S. contributions have been dwarfed by some other nations -\$15.5 million compared with a \$600-million Soviet pledge and \$145 million by Japan.

Ekrem Birerdine, who coordinates the U.N. Children's Fund Programme for Afghanistan, described the awful impact of the war in an unterview

Thursday. Most of the children in refugee camps in Pakistan and Iran were born there. "They don't know their own country, their own culture." he said.

The children's fund and

other organisations have managed to immunise aboue 60 per cent of the children against killer diseases. Within Afghanistan, he estimated, only about 20 per cent are immunised. "We cannot reach the children inside because the war is

clashes," he said. Three million children are not going to school, Birerdine said, contributing "to an army of illiterates."

going on and there are

Literacy in Afghanistan was always a problem. Before the war, only three per cent of the Afghan women had been taught to read and write.

"What you need to do now is to rebuild the whole country," Birerdine said. "If the war stops then we can say it is not the bomb," It is the water you are drinking that is hurting

CHURCHES

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20:00 News in Arabic

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Dr. Nabil Al Maridi
Dr. Yousef Al Hourani 6254
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Ferdows pharmacy
Al Asema pharmacy
Nairoukh pharmacy
Al Salam pharmacy 6367
Yacoub pharmacy
Shmeisani pharmacy 6375

Dr. Ahmed Bithtswi ..... (--)

Al Sharas' pharmacy ....... (985238)

### Dr. Misbah Hijjawi ..... (—) **EMERGENCIES**

Food Control Centre ...... 637111

#### Civil Defence Department ..... 661111 Civil Defence Immediate Rescue 630341 Rescue Police ..... 192, 621111, 637777 Highway Police ....... 843402 Pablic Security Department ............ 630321 Hotel Complaints ...... 605900 Water and Sewerage America Municipality Complaints ...... 787111 Telephone Information Central Amenan Telephone Repairs ...... 623101

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#### Jordan Television Water Authority ...... 680100 Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Electric Power Company ...... 636381 RJ Flight Information ...... 06-53200 Quoce Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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#### Zarqa National Hospital .. (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital ..... (09)986732 Princess Basma Hospital .. (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital.... (02)247100

AQABA:

#### FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanias (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

(Terminal 1)				
25:45 18-00	Singapore,	Kunlı	Lumpur	(RI)
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Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

10:20	Dhahran (RJ)
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Rivadh (SU)

14:35 ...... Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)

17:30 ...... Dubai, Damascus (EK)

#### 21:40 ..... Paris, Damascus (AF) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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14:00 Bahrain (GF)
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14:00 Riyadh (SV)
23:10 Damascus, Paris (AF)

MARKET PRICES

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French Ministry of Finance.

The loan was granted under favourable and the favourable fa seven-year grace period at an interest meters

ers (large) ers (small)

held at Al Badia lounge at Jordan Intercontinental Hotel, will have on display ceramics, handicrafts, jewelry, traditional

their own products and to prom-

Taking part in the exhibition

will be 28 small businesses.

\* Fritz Lang Film Festival: "Die Nibelungen" at the Goethe Institute - 8:00 p.m.

### Jordan appeals to U.N. to stop Israeli actions

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian government is seeking United Nations help to stop Jewish extremist groups from entering the Al Haram Al Sharif Monday under the pretext of holding a religious festival inside the shrine, and has instructed its representatives at the U.N. headquarters to make necessary contacts in this respect. According to the Jordan News

Agency, Petra, Jordan has asked its ambassadors accredited to the capitals of the five permanent member states of the Security Council to "exert all their efforts to convince them (the five states) to reject such practices by Israel and to hait them.

"Such actions on the part of the Israelis and the extremist groups, are bound to result in a dangerous escalation of the situation in Arab Jerusalem and the occupied Arab territories," the agency said.

The agency said that the government had asked its representative at the United Nations, Abdullah Salah, to contact the U.N. permanent secretariat over

Members of the Temple Mount group said last Wednesday that on Monday they would enter the Islamic shrine where Israeli troops killed at least 20 Muslims in October. Al Haram Al Sharif encompasses the Dome of the Rock and Al Agsa

AMMAN (Petra) - An econo-

mic delegation led by Ministry of

Industry and Trade Secretary

General Ibrahim Badran left

Amman Friday for New Delhi

on a four-day visit to India to

discuss ways of promoting

Jordanian-Indian trade and eco-

The delegation, which repre-

sents Jordan's side to the Joint

Jordanian-Indian Economic

Committee, will review with the

Indian side the existing econo-

mic cooperation agreement and

will follow up the implementa-

tion of resolutions and recom-

mendations reached at the com-

mittee's last meeting held in

increase the volume of each

changed goods and to increase

Jordan's exports of phosphate.

potash and fertilisers to India in

statement at the Amman air-

He said that the Jordanian

pharmaceutical industries

delegation would seek to import

raw materials for Jordanian food

and would discuss joint ventures

like the Jordanian-Indian pro-

ject to produce phosphoric acid,

and would pave the way for

organising trade fairs for the two

countries to promote the sale of

Jordanian-Indian trade relations

were progressing "satisfactori-

sides agreed at a meeting in

Amman to increase and diversify

trade between them," Badran

He said that last year Jordan

sold \$170 million worth of pro-

ducts to India but bought goods

"for far less value, making the

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan's

Ambassador to France Awad Al

Khalidi signed an agreement for

a soft loan of 100 million French

francs (\$20 million) granted by

the French Ministry of Finance

in Paris on Dec. 10. The soft

loan was negotiated in Paris on

Nov. 21 by Dr. Michel Marto,

deputy governor of the Central

duration of 15 years and with a

interest rate of 1.5 per cent,

Bank of Jordan (CBJ) and the

Jordan, France

sign loan protocol

Badran said that the

"Last September the two

national products.

exchange for Indian goods,

Amman, according to Badranab 9

"The meeting is designed to u

nomic relations.

Jordan, India to

discuss trade ties

Mosque, considered as Islam's third holiest shrines.

Petra quoted Palestine Ambassador here Al Tayeb Abdul Rahim as saying that the extremist Jewish groups' ultimate goal is to demolish Al Haram Al Sharif to set up the so-called Jewish temple. The group's intended sacrilege of the Islamic shrine in Jerusalem, represents one more link in a long chain of official Israeli policies aimed at Judaising the Arab city of Jerusalem," the ambassador said.

The ambassador appealed to the world community to "help confront the Zionist moves, which are bound to cause further violence in the occupied Arab territories, moves backed by the U.S. government which tries to hinder the implementation of international legitimacy from doing justice to the Palestinian

Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament Abdul Latif Arabiyat issued a statement about the intended Jewish group's moves, calling on the Arab and Muslim nations to "join forces and confront the enemies of the nation."

He appealed to Arab and Islamic parliaments, to find means to protect Al Haram Al Sharif from the practices of the Jewish groups in Jerusalem.

ance of trade heavily in Jor-

"The Jordanian government is

now exerting special efforts to

encourage Jordanian merchants

to import more products from

India, and has introduced special

facilities to achieve that goal,"

Jordan, he added, is now im-

porting 75 per cent of its needs

of tea and 50 per cent of iron

nes from Jordan and other coun-

a total of 326,000 tonnes of

Jordanian potash in 1987, in-

creasing the amount to 561,000

tonnes in 1988 and decreasing it

to 413,000 tonnes in 1989; so far

it has imported 431,000 tonnes

Badran recalled that a delega-

tion representing the Ministry of

Supply had visited India recently

and concluded a contract for the

purchase of 100,000 tonnes of

wheat which could be increased

Badran is accompanied by

representatives of the Arab

Potash Company (APC), the Jor-

dan Phosphate Mines Company

(JPMC), the Federation of

Jordanian Chambers of Com-

merce, the Amman Chamber of

Industry and the Ministry of

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The initial down payments of

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With this financial assistance.

France aims at improving the

current situation of the Jorda-

Aid from France to Jordan

since 1977, amounts to two bil-

lion French francs (\$400 mil-

nian balance of payments.

Industry and Trade.

total value.

to 200,000 tonnes later.

Badran said that India bought

bars from Indian markets.

oun's favour."

Badran said.



under Christian and Islamic faiths which was held His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Thursat Amman Philadelphia Hotel. day chairs the opening session of the symposium on the rights of the child and children's education

### Prince Hassan: inter-faith dialogue aims at serving common interests

not one between Islam and

Christianity. Human rights and

the Islamic and Christian con-

cept are international ones, but

as you know, the world is wait-

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan said on Jordan Television Thursday night that the current dialogue between Muslims and Christians on education and the children's rights to education was a continuation of earlier seminars that aimed at consolidating Islamic-Christian endeavours to serve common in-

Referring to the rights of children in the occupied Arab territories, he said that the symposium was a manifestation of the Christian and Islamic faiths' total rejection of the repression and injustice going on under Israeli occupation rule and of solidarity with the rights of the oppressed children of Palestine. He said: "The issue of rights is

ing now for U.N. Security Council resolutions and for the decision of those countries with influence over the situation in the occupied Arab lands. What is important here is not the formal dialogue but rather the talk among intellectuals who are well experienced and who had faced human disasters in various regions of the world. This is a kind of moral pressure and is the least that should be done on our part so as to help prevent further distortion of the image of this region which aspires to be genuinely involved in a just international humanitarian order. It

is regrettable to see the Arab and Muslim image distorted with the intention of causing confrontation. We can contain confrontation in various forms because right is bound to emerge ". medamuit

Prince Hassan made the state-Amman Philadelphia Hotel

The three-day meetings were called for jointly by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Cardinal Francis Arinze president of the Pontifical Council for Inter-religious Dialogue at the Vatican.

ment following the opening session of a symposium on the rights of the child and children's education under Christian and Islamic faiths which was held at

### German parliamentarian supports Arab solution based on compromise

By Ghadeer Taher

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — German Parlia-

mentarian Hans-Juergen Wischnewski, who left for Baghdad Friday, said territorial compromise was an "important ingredient" for achieving a political settlement of the Gulf crisis.

Badran said that Jordan had Wischnewski, who is on a also been importing from India four-country Middle East tour such items as meat, coffee, to promote a peaceful solution spices, seeds, chemical products, to the conflict, stressed the industrial commodities and meed for an Arab solution. He said:that parallel to the U.S-India, he added, is among the major consumers of Jordan's Fragi talks; which he described .as - a great-opportunity that potash, which is processed as should be seized," other fertiliser for agricultural produc-"opportunities have to be tion, and the country annually taken so that an Arab solution imports around 1.6 million ton-

can be reached." When asked if an Arab solution entailed territorial compromise. Wischnewski said it was "an important ingredient."

"It is extremely important

for the Arab states to take proper steps at the appropriate time," Wischnewski, chairman of the Middle East Committee of Socialist International, told a press conference Thursday after meeting His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

The parliamentarian commended Jordan's position and role in the crisis and said that "if all parties involved in the crisis had a comparable position to that of Jordan then a peaceful solution would be possible."

. He refused to give details of his talks with King Hussein and Prince Hassan. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said King Hussein explained Jordan's position on the crisis and the necessity for reaching a political settlement to it. The King told Wischnewski that an inter-Arab dialogue was necessary to "pave the way for a (peaceful) solution," Petra

"The position of Jordan is clear ... it is interested in a peaceful solution which is also our position ... and the theme of this mission...," said Wischnewski, who is here on behalf of former German Chancellor Willy Brandt and at the request of the Iraqi leadership. The parliamentarian said he was following up talks he had with Iraqi officials in August and discussions Brandt held in November.

He said a peaceful resolution of the crisis "on the one hand implies following up United Nations resolutions, but at the same time to clearly see that there are more issues in the region that have to be solved." But, Wischnewski said the Gulf crisis must be solved "at the moment" in order to solve other problems in the region.

After Iraq, Wischnewski will visit Egypt, Saudi Arabia and he will meet with the Kuwaiti government in exile while in Saudi Arabia.

# Jordan might restrict refugee entry in case war starts

AMMAN (R) --- Jordan, severely strapped for cash as a result of trade sanctions against Baghdad and an influx of refugees, has hinted that it might be forced to close its border with Iraq if war broke out in the Gulf.

Such a move would trap thousands of would-be refugees in Iraq, whose August 2 invasion of Kuwait prompted an exodus of almost one million foreigners across the border into Jordan. Most of the refugees were Asian

migrant workers and Egyptians. "The lack of proper reimbursement for what we have paid to carry out a humanitarian issue of an international dimension is compelling us to be reluctent to receive a new wave of people if war breaks out," a senior government official told

Reuters. He did not elaborate but said the government would soon evaluate its options before the January 15 U.N. Security Counal deadline for Iraq to leave Knwait or face attack.

Jordan closed its border with Iraq for almost two days in August because it could not cope with the wave of refugees. Since

then it has been the only country bordering Iraq to keep its frontier fully open.

Syria has allowed in only a trickle of refugees from Iraq while Turkey and Iran severely restricted entry to people wanting to leave.

Relief officials say the possible closure of air space over the region if war broke out would trap evacuees in Jordan, further depleting the nation's limited food and medical supplies.

Salameh Hammad, head of a ministerial evacuation committee. said lack of money would prevent his task force from carrying out a contingency plan to deal with a sudden influx of 150,000 refugees flooding into Jordan in

case of war. The plan would lay the groundwork for providing food, water, accommodation and transport for refugees and would ensure that people fleeing across the border were returned to their home countries as quickly as possible.

The plan was endorsed by Prince Sadrudine Aga Khan, the personal envoy of U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de

Cheller on Gulf refugees in October, a month after he visited Amman.

"We have not received a single penny to start any preparations for the plan." Hammad told Reuters. 'The committee has no money to cover the cost of its previous operation or to begin any preparations as envisaged in the plan," he added. He said Jordan would need at least an initial \$1.5 million to buy basic supplies such as blankets and tents.

Hammad's team borrowed more than \$43 million from the cash-strapped Jordanian government to help refugees who streamed across the border after the invasion.

So far it has only received about \$12 million in compensation, mainly from the European Community, the United Nations Disaster and Relief Organisation (UNDRO) and the International Organisation for Migration MOM).

Jordan's economy has also been devastated by the cost of implementing U.N. sanctions against Iraq, its former main trading partner.

### Seminar tackles nursing training

AMMAN (J.T.) — A seminar

The seminar, which will be opened by Health Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben, has been organised by the German Technical Cooperation Institution (GTZ) with the purpose of raising the standard of nursing training in the Kingdom. Attending will be directors of

hospitals and health depart-

The participants will analyse the present system of nursing training in Jordan and various activities related to the nursing profession and the recruitment of nurses and instructors. according to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

In a statement upon graduating a batch of 16 nurse instructors on Dec. 9, Zaben said that the Health Ministry aimed at providing health services to all

The Ministry of Health last year announced that Jordan had a total of 2,212 female nurses, of whom 574 were non-Jordanians and that the Kingdom was in need of at least 4,000 mises by the

Ministry of Health is maintaining close coperation with other health organisations, regionally and internationally, for the sake of upgrading health services, reducing infant mortality rates and stemming the spread of diseases.

### King, Islamic delegation review situation in Gulf delegation whose members are

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein has reviewed the Gulf crisis and its developments with a visiting delegation representing the world's popular Islamic groups and said that the opportunity still existed for containing the Gulf crisis and solving it withing the Arab

framework. "What is being sought at the moment is the commencement of an Arab-Arab dialogue to pave the ground for a proper dealing with the issue without any foreign intervention," the King said at a meeting with the delegation at the Royal Court Thursday evening.

King Hussein emphasised the Arab-Islamic popular role, at this dangerous stage, in helping confront and deal with the problems facing the Arab and Islamic worlds, and urged the delegation members to exert all their efforts to help bring about peace in the Gulf.

"The dangers that threaten the Arab and Islamic region are great and the people and the official leaderships shoulder serious responsibility towards safeguarding Arab and Islamic rights and dignity," the King said at the meeting with the now on a tour of Arab and Islamic capitals.

The king warned that a conflagration in the Gulf would be catastrophic and no party could emerge as victor.

He noted that other parties and other nations were not keen on protecting the Arab and Islamic nations' interests and rights which, he said should be protected by the Arabs and the Muslims themselves.

Jordan, he said, will remain steadfast and will continue to adhere to its national stand; it will not be discouraged by the consequences as long as it is keen on safeguarding the Arab and Islamic interests.

King Hussein pointed out that the Jordanian people's feelings with regard to the Gulf crisis "are similar to those of all arab and Muslim people living in an atmosphere of democracy and where human rights are respected and people have the right of expression."

"Lack of respect for the Arab and Muslim people's human rights is the cause for inter-Arab and inter-Muslim differences and the breach in the Arab and Islamic ranks," the King added.

He said: "We are greatly honoured in this country to remain steadfast, and we are confident that our nation will achieve its aspired goals."

He said that only through dialogue can the way be paved for a peaceful settlement to the Gulf cisis and added: "Our efforts could have succeeded long time ago had there been An Arab-Arab dialouge to solve the cri-

The delegation leader, Dr. Mohammad Sharif, and several delegation members spoke at the meeting paying tribute to King Hussein's endeavours, voicing support for the Arab-Arab dialogue and wishing the Arab Nation success in its efforts to reach

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Chief of the Royal Court Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker and King Hussein's Political Advisor Adnan Abu Odeh were present at the meeting.

The Islamic delegation members Friday left for Baghdad to discuss the Gulf crisis with Iraqi leaders. They were seen off at the airport by Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Ali Al Faqir and other officials.



A raily Friday commemorates the third anniversary of the establishment of the Popular Front for the of the Palestinian intifada and the 23rd anniversary Liberation of Palestine (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

### Rally marks intifada, PFLP anniversary

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Thousands of people gathered at a public rally Friday to commemorate the third anniversary of the Palestinian intifada and the 23rd anniversary of the establishment of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine

(PFLP). The organisation's deputy secretary-general addressed the rally and called for strengthening Jordanian-Palestinian unity and the Palestinian national unity in the confrontation with Israel.

Abu Ali Mustafa, also an executive committee member of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), called for strong Arab unity to confront both Israel and the United States in their "battle with

"We have to realise that we have a responsibility towards those who have sacrificed their lives and blood for the objectives of the intifada; and our strongest weapon is that of national unity, which we must protect and develop," Mustafa told a cheering crowd of about

He called on strengthening Palestinian national unity, saying it was the strongest weapon to confront Israel. "All nationalists, including the religious trends such as

Hamas, must participate in the leadership of the struggle; but we must unite on a political basis, not a religious one, Mustafa stressed. He asked the crowd: "Is it

not enough that our common enemy, Israel, should unite us? Is not our aim of independence one? Is Jerusalem not enough. reason for unity? Isn't the name of Palestine enough to unite us?

Mustafa also praised Jordan and its leadership for the position it has taken on the Gulf crisis "despite the price it paid." He added that the Kingdom's democratic process has made Amman the "capital of resistance."

the same trench. The Palestinians in Palestine are fighting for Jordan as Jordanians are Palestinians," Mustafa said.

fighting for Palestine and He reiterated the PFLP's support of Iraq in its confrontation with the U.S. and its

was a battle for all Arabs wanting to be independent of American hegemony.

"So let us hold high the banner of 'no to America, no to colonialism'—the key to Arab renaissance," Mustafa said. 'Let's face it, even if President Saddam withdraws from Kuwait, the Americans will follow him to Baghdad to destroy his country and its strong capabilities because they simply don't want any Arab country to emerge powerful, especially if it does not follow their own rules and regulations. They want the entire Arab World

toothless." Mustafa also called on escalating the armed struggle against Israel as support to the intifada and to help it achieve. its aims: Freedom and independence.

He rejected United Nations Security Council Resolution 242, which calls for Israeli withdrawal from Arab territories it occupied in 1967, saying it has become "an illusion we are running after and which only serves the interests of Israel."

"We accepted the worst, and the worst did not accept us," Mustafa said, quoting an Arab proverb, and referring to the PLO's recognition of Israel and its diplomatic efforts to solve the Palestinian problem through international legitima-

However, he commended the efforts of the PLO to find a political solution to the Palestinian question, but stressed that armed struggle against Israel was still necessary as part of the fight for independence and that it would continue until Palestinian independence was achieved.

"Palestine is from the river to the sea," said Mustafa as the crowd cheered and youth chanted: "Give us arms, we want to fight for Palestine."

### Soviet Jews

He criticised the Soviet Union for allowing Soviet Jews to migrate to Palestine and "watching the immigrants settling in Palestine." But he warned Israel that Palestinians would not sit by and watch their land being taken by the Jewish immigrants, and ignore Israeli expansionism.

"Shamir should know that the bullets and knives of our people will eat away the flesh of the new immigrants," Mustafa shouted through the mic-

Jordanian and Palestinian flags and large banners hung

on the walls of a car exhibition hall on the University road, as well as pictures of South American freedom fighter Che Guevara and PFLP Secretary-General George Habash. A group of enthusiastic youth on the right side of the stage continuously chanted anti-American and pro-Palestinian and pro-Jordanian slogans as speakers tried to be

"The right always give us trouble," commented Mustafa humourously, referring to the chanting youth on his right.

Also speaking at the rally marking the two occasions were Deputy Deeb Marji speaking on behalf of the Jordanian Popular Democratic Unity Party (the organisers of the rally), Communist Deputy Issa Mdanat and Abbas Zaki from the central committee of

Fatch. In his short speech, Marji described the intifada as Jordan's first defence line against Israeli expansionism.

"Therefore, we must give them (Palestinians) the fullest support possible. Our loyalty to our people in Palestine is unquestionable, because in Jordan we are participating in the fight against Zionist and imperialist expansionism," Marii said.

Mdanat said that Amman has become a minaret for democracy and centre of the Arab struggle for independence from imperialism. He also called for further strengthening national unity in Jordan.

"The imperialists were betting on Jordan to be the place of their conspiracies against the Arab Nation, but they have lost their bet. And we must struggle together to maintain and develop our national unity towards a progressive and nationalist democratic Jordan to support the Palestinian struggle for independence."

Mdanat said. Zaki said that this was the time to take the opportunity to strengthen the Jordanian-Palestinian and Palestinian national unity, and said that the gaps have grown much

"We have two weapons to carry: Iraq and the legendary steadfastness of our people fighting against the enemy," Zaki said.

narrower.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

lion.)

AMMAN (J.T.) — Under the patronage of Her Majesty Queen Noor, the Noor Al Hussein Foundation's (NHF) women and development programme, in cooperation with Mitras Centre's exhibitions section. Saturday organises a five-day exhibition of the women's pro-

runction. The exhibition, which will be

items, children's clothes, flowers and other items made by voluntary societies and women running small income-generating

The exhibition seeks to promote small businesses by giving them the opportunity to market ote their production at the local

on higher nursing education in Jordan will be organised at Al Bashir Hospital in Amman on Sunday to review matters related to training of nurses and cooperation among public and private sectors in the nursing profession.

ments as well as staff male and female nurses and those responsible for nursing work at various private and public hospitals and universities.

citizens by the year 2000 through a primary health care programme in which nurses can play a leading role.

"Let our weapons remain in end of the present century. According to Zaben, the

allies. He said that Iraq's battle

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### Jordan Times

وصادر تابعز برمية عربية سيلمية مستلاة تصدر بالانجليرية عن المؤسسة المسعمية الإرسية

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### Extremism has price

THERE IS little doubt that the fourth year of the Palestinian intifada will be different from its first three years. What began as a non-violent uprising has recently escalated into a wave of knife attacks against Israelis, and bomb throwing and gun firing on Israeli military targets. There is a clear signal in this escalation: After three years of passive resistance and non-violent struggle the Palestinian people under occupation in the West Bank and Gaza Strip are fast losing patience yet hope that a solution is not far away. With the eyes of the world ever more focused away from the occupied territories and the major powers within the international community refusing to establish even a loose link between the Palestinian problem and with that of Kuwait, the Palestinians must have concluded that only by raising the stakes would they have a chance of luring back interest in and concern for their plight with its decades of national grievances. This does not suggest that the Palestinian escalation will be wanswered by Israel or that it could be carried on without retaliation. There will surely be a price that the Palestinians would have to pay for the institution of a more militant intifada. A violence-oriented uprising would surely take a toll on our people under occupation in terms of lives, suffering and economic losses. For three long years they have constantly and deliberately abstained from resorting to systematic violence against their antagonists in the occupied territories. Now, however, it seems the two sides are about to enter a new phase in their confrontation. A clear signal from Israel to give hope to the Palestinian people that a settlement is in the horizon would go a long way to placate them and cause them to forsake this seemingly imminent escalation. Seen against this backdrop, the inability of the U.N. Security Council to take any stand on the problem over two months only offers additional proof that any further investment on the Palestinians' part in a non-violent uprising would be utterly useless. While Tel Aviv and Washington are directly responsible for the Council's inaction, the rest of its members cannot escape responsibility. By having the Soviet Union, of all countries, act as an accomplice for the U.S. and be the very instrument that pleads for indecision by the Council shows the extent to which its permanent members are willing to go to appease the U.S.-Israeli combine. Not that any resolution being contemplated by the Council along these lines would offer any real panacea. Still the indecisiveness of the international community as represented in the Council would only add to the Palestinian sense of desperation. To them, it is one thing to reject an affirmative and positive link between their peoblem and that of the Gulf, and quite another to insist on a negative link as the U.S. seeks to do. By refusing to even mention the proposal for a peace conference on the Arab-Israeli conflict in the projected resolution because of the Gulf crisis, the U.S. is simply establishing that negative link between them. This may be pure and simple politics for the U.S. For us, however, it is a gory logic that will never be accepted.

### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

THE United States seems to be determined to fight anyone who tries to reduce its domination over the Gulf issue, and therefore it is now intent on resisting any attempts to initiate an Arab-Arab dialogue designed to bring about a settlement, said Al Ra'i daily. For this reason, one with rule out the possibility of witnessing Washington instigating Arab parties to resist and also about all attempts aimed at involving Arab countries in a serious dialogue that would open the way for reconciliation, and later a lasting settlement for the Gulf issue, the paper said. Arab leaderships like those of Jordan and Algeria are quite aware of America's intentions, and they are making serious moves now to confront Washington's course of action in this respect, and determined to open the door wide for an Arab-Arab dialogue to achieve the aspired objective, the paper noted. It said that Arab masses attach great hopes to the Jordanian-Algerian efforts because they are intended to help the Arab states assume the initiative once again and attain a just and lasting settlement to the crisis. Should Algeria and Jordan succeed where others failed so far, they would, have achieved a major victory for the Arab nation which is confronted by the U.S.-Israeli alliance that is poised to strike at the Arab World to deny the Arab nation the chance of achieving strategic parity with the Jewish state.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily launches a strong attack on the United States for trying to find different excuses to abort the dialogue which it suggested to hold with Iraq. When Washington announced its initiative for the dialogue, the world public opinion was impressed, and everyone thought that it would finally defuse tension and bring to an end the danger of war in the Gulf region, says Bader Abdul Haq. But he says, people's expectations were shortlived having heard Washington expressing more interest in the date of the dialogue rather than the dialogue itself and its results. Such an attitude on the part of U.S. administration leaves little doubt about President Bush's intentions, that he meant to exploit the idea of a dialogue with Iraq to gain more time to complete his readiness for war and finalise the military buildup before launching a strike on Iraq, says the writer. He notes that Washington's insistence on fixed dates that are more convenient for the U.S. administration, but not for Iraq is an open attempt to procrastinate and abort the dialogue which is supposed to be a way out of the present deadlock. Now, the writer points out, the United States is showing its teeth and showing disregard to the settling the Gulf crisis through the projected dialogue now that the foreign nationals have been allowed to leave. He notes that Washington is taking a more adamant position at a time when the Israeli prime minister is visiting the United States, and the new attitude is clearly intended to appease Israel which does not want to see Iraq coming out of this crisis intact.

# Major opens doors for winds of change

By David Storey

LONDON — Britain's new Prime Minister John Major has opened the door to a gust of new thinking in the British government, loosening the ideological grip of his predecessor Margaret Thatcher.

Politicians and commentators said the 47-year-old Major was replacing Thatcher's reliance on confrontation with a reversion to consensus, a concept she reviled.

"Suddenly, the air is alive with the sound of rethinking," wrote commentator Paul Barker in the Sunday Times.

But it is not yet clear whether Major, catapulted to the leadership by a palace coup against Thatcher last month, is actively espousing the role of the listencient authority to impose his

"The public has been accustomed to equating leadership with strength," said Thatcher biographer Hugo Young. "The Thatcher years are ultimate proof that masochism remains a very British virtue."

While Thatcher's known prejudices had determined the course of government argument, Major is an enigma. "Nobody is very clear of what he thinks, except that he will make a virtue of not thinking it alone." Young

Already, ministers say, he has restored a sense of collective cabinet decision-making undermined by his autocratic prede-

The caring face of Conservative government is making a comeback.

"The conditions of the people, a traditional Tory (Conservative) concern, is back where it belongs on the agenda after a decade of social Darwinism." wrote the Independent's political editor Peter Jenkins.

Major's personal style has begun to emerge in his responses to the two issues that finally toppied Thatcher - European Community (EC) integration, which she hotly opposed, and the "poll tax." which she doggedly

Senior officials said there would be no immediate revision of Britain's policy on EC monetary and political union, but the way it was put over would

change. The language of opposition would be replaced with positive words of cooperation and involvement. Thatcher's defiant cry in parliament last month of "no, no, no" to being dragged into Europe would not be repe-

One senior government official last week said such "odd" language would fade away as Major, one of the authors of Britain's own proposals for monetary union as chancellor of the exchequer (finance minister), took full political charge.

The new approach would become clear at an EC summit in Rome on Friday, the official said, when British ministers would be "searching for the sort of treaty they could sign up to." Major, acutely aware that splits in the Conservative Party over the pace of EC union caused Thatcher's undoing, has carefully to balance his instincts for solid European participation with the gut nationalism that

infuses many in his party. His stand on the poll tax, a

system of raising local government funds that caused riots when implemented this year, revealed a similar concern to abandon the ideological approach of Thatcher.

In a gesture that contrasted with years of bitter political confrontation, Major offered to draw the opposition Labour Party into a general discussion on the best way to fund local councils and their relationship with central government.

Major has shown his commitment to the substance of Conservative policy, including radical reforms of the education and health systems, further privatisation of state-owned industry and a rigid hold-down on public ex-

But politicians believe he may be less dogmatic than Thatcher. perhaps accepting a higher level of central intervention in areas where market forces were left in sole charge.

Although he only changed a few of Thatcher's government appointments, Major has insisted he is his own man.

To head the prime minister's policy unit he chose a distinguished economic journalist. Sarah Hogg, best known not for her prejudices or ideals but for her painstaking and impartial

The choice of Hogg, a member of one of the most distinguished families in the British establishment, struck many political sources as ironic.

Major, a vaudeville performer's son who left school at 16, had made creation of a classless society one of the goals of his prime ministership.



# The stones cannot be quelled by a rain of bullets

By Robert Mahoney Reuter

RAFAH CAMP, Gaza Strip - Ask a group of young Palestinians in the Israelioccupied West Bank who has been shot and wounded by soldiers and a few hands go up. Put the same question to a group in the Gaza Strip refugee camp of Rafah and immediately everyone starts rollud no morsers and obening shirts to show off scars.

Rafah, a dusty grey sprawi of cinderblock houses of the Egyptian border, has the highest casualty rate of any of the 27 Palestinian camps.

Since the oprising, or intifada, against Israeli rule erupted three years ago Rafah has counted 58 deaths and some 4,500 injuries among its 55,172

refugees, according to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) which runs the camp.

Nearly 1,800 have been shot with live rounds and 800 with plastic-coated metal bullets, UNRWA said. The other injuries were from rubber builets, beatings by soldiers and teargas inhalation. More than 20 per cent of those killed in the Gaza Strip come from Rafah.

Not even the army's latest tactic - deploying snipers with orders to pick off stonethrowers by aiming for the legs - would deter the youngsters of Rafah.

Teenagers like Qasem take pride in being in the front line for the, by now routine, late afternoon stoning of Israeli troops. His zeal has cost him six bullet wounds.

"Being shot does not deter me," he boasted to nods of approval from other young activists around him who are known by the Arabic term

shebab. "All the time I go very close to the Israelis to throw stones," he said stroking the weal on his arm from a plastic bullet. Qasem, like all shebab, did not want his real name published. Qasem's brother was killed

in clashes and his baby sister is paralysed after having been Was vengeance for his fami-

ly a motive for Qasem's determination? He recoiled, calling the question silly. "I was shot twice before my brother was killed...I do not

hate the Jews more because of "Since I was born I have hated the Jews," he said referring to Israelis.

Qasem's life, his family, like many here, fled the area around Ashkelon when Israel was created in 1943. Since leaving school he has

just-bung around the camp, iobless like his friends. He spent eight months in an Israeli jail for helping the Palestine Liberation Organisation Fatah group. That means he will not get an Israeli-issued identity card which would enable him to leave the Gaza Strip to work in Israel.

Unemployment, restrictions on movement, politicisation by Palestinian nationalists and presence of Israeli soldiers have turned Rafah into a hothouse for activists.

Toddlers even turn out, stones in hand, when an army patrol enters the camp.

from Rafah if you are Asked to explain Rafah's unenviable reputation for wanted," one activist noted. casualties, Qasem and his Another reason for the numfriends are only sure about one ber of shebab is poverty. Fourthing, the army patrols are to teen per cent of families here

"They come in here everya. o hardship cases — those who do day," he said. "They know we, will stone them...they do it to provoke us."

But the army enters other camps too without inflicting so many injuries. One reason for the intensity of the clashes is that the shebab in Rafah are better organised than elsewhere, Palestinian relief workers and journalists say.

The Shin Bet secret police have had less success here in cracking the political committees which run the intifada

than in other camps, they say.

across the border (to Egypt)

"It is also easier to escape

"Maybe we fight harder than the others, maybe not...all I know is that people want their freedom...otherwise why

are classed by UNRWA as

"not have enough money for

beswith seveninger cent: iii other

food and clothing -- compared

All this is known to Ham-

zeh, 17, who has been shot

three times, but his explana-

tion is the standard shebab

should I throw stones? To entertain myself?" he asked. "We throw stones to express

our suffering ... we want independence."

# Aguino continues to fight

By Jeremy Clift Reuter

MANUA - Philippine President Corazon Aquino, dismissing a chorus of demands that she resign, is fighting back against one of the toughest crises confront her troubled presiden-

Aquino, a tough-willed widow who has survived six coup attempts, has managed to blunt popular outrage over an oil price increase last week that put pump prices up by 133 per

She helped undercut a proposed national strike by twice modifying the increase in oil prices, so that the overall average rise is now 33 per cent instead of 45 per cent. She has also won time by

replacing her disliked executive secretary. Catalino Macaraig, with transport secretary Oscar Orbos, a boyishly handsome man who many politicians expect will bring a new vitality to the post of Aquino's chief-of-staff and leading policy adviser.

Political commentator Amando Doronila said it was too late for deep-rooted reforms, but "there is at least the prospect of a change of pace and style."

The government has partially dodged responsibility for the painful rise in energy prices by blaming Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and the International Monetary Fund (IMF). which had pressed for the scrapping of subsidies on oil.

Aquino, swept to power in a popular revolt which ousted the late dictator Ferdinand Marcos in 1986, has vowed to make further cabinet changes to replace ineffective ministers

and is pressing congress to pass needed tax measures. Politicians said the crisis was potentially the most damaging

of her almost five years in power because the sharp rise in prices hits directly at her most loval supporters. Critics have been swift to

exploit her difficulties, suggesting it would be better for the country that she step down than continue the present period of ineffective govern-"The Aquino fairytale of

1986 is turning out to be the horror story of the '90s." said Aquino's estranged cousin, Eduardo Cojuangeo, a prominent businessman and former friend of Marcos.

"People believe that this government, which has run out of ideas, run out of money and is running out of time, is in itself the problem." he said in a speech to Manila businessmen on Tuesday that many took to be a signal he will run in 1992 presidential elections.

Senator John Osmena, a member of a leading political families, suggested that presidential and congressional elections should be brought forward by a year, to next May.

"The constitutionally mandated elections are 18 months away (and) the prospects. therefore, are a drift for another 18 months — leaderless and aimless — which we can iil afford," Osmena said.

The sense of drift became so pervasive that three were calls this week for Defence Secretary Fidel Ramos to arrest Finance Secretary Jesus Estanislao, "for economic sabotage."



Ramos rejected the suggestion, saying: "The situation does not call for martial law or a declaration of a state of emergency.

"The economic problem started to magnify during the July 16 earthquake and intensified because of the Gulf crisis after the invasion of Kuwait by Iraq and the consequence of higher oil prices," he explained. Aquino has gone from one

crisis to another during 1990, opening the year with the economy weakened by a coup attempt last December and then being hit by a succession of natural disasters and the dramatic rise in world oil prices in August.

Army rebels have threatened to launch a fresh coup but Ramos and military commanders insist the dissidents can no longer oust

Whatever the scale of the problems, Aquino is stoically refusing to step down, saving she is determined to provide the firm leadership needed to get the country through the next 18 months.

Crucial for the country will be whether Aquino and Congress can agree before the new year on measures to raise money and reduce government spending.

Without this programme. economists and businessmen say, it is unlikely the IMF will agree to further credits, and without the IMF's seal of approval other major Western donors are holding up more than two billion dollars in assistance that would help keep the economy afloat.

Drive carefully! Traffic can be hazardous

### - Coalition (Continued from page 1)

Some coalition members attributed the deadlock to possibili-

ties that their colleagues who did not attend were mostly in favour of joining the Badran cabinet. "I would imagine that some of those who did not attend had legitimate reasons," said one deputy. "But I believe others wanted to avoid the embarrassment of the vote," added the deputy, who said he advocates setting up a new government. "It is remarkable that on this particular issue, even the Muslim Brotherhood is clearly divided," he added.

Some members of the coalition have argued against joining the government in a "limited reshuffle." They are willing to participate if it is a new government "with or without Badran." An independent member of the coalition, who argued in favour of joining the government "in a wide reshuffle," said that Jordan's "position cannot tolerate forming a new government with new policies and prog-

rammes."

Zoubi, who withheld confidence in Badran's government last January, said that most coalition members differed with the government's programme and its position vis-a-vis issues such as the Palestinian problem, the decision to disengage from the West Bank, martial law, and agreements signed with the International Monetary Fund. Another deputy said that many members of the coalition believed that after the events of Aug. 2, they could not support the government programme, "hence the demand for the new agenda by the cabinet," he said. The pan-Arab nationalists and

independents in the coalition who did not give their vote of confidence in Badran's government last year "prefer to push

for setting up a new government, with or without Badran, rather than have a limited reshuffle that would not change very much," said an independent deputy in

the group. Coalition sources said the pan-Arab nationalists and independents were dismayed that Badran held negotiations only with the Muslim Brotherhood and excluded the other partners in

the coalition. Informed sources said that the leadership of the Muslim Brotherhood had asked for five portfolios for itself and at least three for coalition partners during negotiations with the pre-

One observer said that the prime minister appears to have successfully split the coalition by "striking deals with some of its members, confident that their desire for a cabinet post was stronger than their drive to keep the coalition."

After the apparent breakup of the coalition, deputies and observers expect the Mushin Brotherhood and individual members of the coalition to join the cabinet in a reshuffle expected by Thursday.

Bush (Continued from page 1)

congressional committee Friday that he saw no sign that Ital planned to comply with a U.N. resolution demanding it pull out

from Knwait. The United States says nearly one million Iraqi and U.S. and allied troops are now massed, about evenly divided - in and near Kuwait.

The Iraqi Foreign Ministry, in a statement carried Thursday by the Iraqi News Agency, said that Iraq would abide by Washington-set date for the ATE trip if the United States would agree to let Iraq set the time of Baker's visit to Bagildad.

### Would you go on holiday to a country where you need a gas mask?'

By Elleen Alt Powell The Associated Press

TEMBER 15.

nge

BETHLEHEM, Occupied West Bank — In the season of Christmas pilgrimages by Christians from around the world, the town where Jesus was born has nothing but room at its inns.

Mayor Elias Freij looks out the window of his office onto the deserted square at the Church of the Nativity.

"Tourists? what tourists?" he asks rhetorically, sweeping an arm toward the emptiness. "This is the worst situation in my memory."

"With the drums of war beating in the Saudi desert and the large armada assembling in the Gulf, people are simply too scared to come here," says Freij. a Greek Orthodox Palestinian who has been mayor for 18 years.

He said "the last straw" was Israel's decision in October to distribute gas masks in case of an Iraqi attack. "Would you go on holiday to a country where you need a gas mask?" Freii

Israel has suffered an overall loss in tourism because of the Gulf crisis. Bethlehem and Arab East Jerusalem are especially affected because the crisis accompanies what usually is their busiest season.

The government had predicted a record year in tourism. surpassing the previous high of 1.5 million visitors in 1987. Instead, tourist arrivals have declined by half since Iraq seized Kuwait on Aug. 2, said tourism ministry spokesman Yossi Shoval. He said the 1990 total would be 1.3 million at best.

Shoval said the ministry still was trying to woo Jewish religious groups and Christians pilgrims, but that Israel had canceled its overseas television advertising "until the Gulf situation improves."

"There will be Christians" here for Christmas," he said. "The question is how many."

On a recent morning in Bethlehem, a single tour bus was parked in Manger Square. Its seven Italian passengers were alone in the underground grotto of the Church of the Nativity, kneeling at the silver star that marks the site of Christ's birth.

In normal times, pilgrims would be elbow-to-elbow in the church and the tiny grotto. "Things are so bad that I am

not carning enough to feed me and my wife." said Issa El-Boyaji, a man in his 70s who usually makes his living shining the shoes of pilgrims outside the church.

He has set aside his brassinlaid shoeshine box and directs drivers into parking places around Manger Square, hoping they will give him small change for his efforts.

Traditional religious ceremonies are scheduled for the holidays. They will begin on Christmas Eve with the ceremonial arrival of the Roman Catholic Patriarch of Jerusalem and end with masses and Anglican chorale services.

For the foruth year, Bethlehem will forgo street decorations and holiday receptions in sympathy with the Palestinians uprising in the West Bank nad Gaza Strip, Freij said.

The revolt against Israeli occupation, which began in December 1987, has taken the lives of more than 770 Palestinians and 53 Israelis.

"With the confrontations.

with the desperation, there is

nothing to celebrate." the mayor said, The drop in tourism has taken its toll on the economy

of Bethlehem, a fown of 10,000

Freij says only one of the six hotels is operating and nearly all the 80 restaurants are closed. Scores of craftsmen

from an early age — children get

The propost of Jerusalem at the rededication of the Ascension

Church at Augusta Victoria have been laid off at the 100 workshops that produce olive wood carvings and mother-of-

pearl jewellery Tax collections have fallen off so much, Freij said, that municipal workers could not be paid in November.

pendent Mozabite mayor.

The Mozabites blamed "agita-

tors" in the opposition Islamic

Salvation Front, a fundamental-

ist party that shares the Moza-

bite goal of an islamic society but

is dominated by ethnic Arab

But last June's first free elec-

tions for local councils have

given the Mozabites new auton-

omy to run their affairs and

"Our priority is the state of

youth. We are facing an

onslaught of foreign culture.

from modern technology and

television satellite dishes," said a

leading Beni Isguen resident,

intellectually so they do not

"We must educate our youth

Bouras El Hadi.

preserve their way of life.

Fahmi Nashashibi, secretary of the Arab Hotels Association in Jerusalem and Bethlehem said he had closed two of his three hotels for pilgrims in East Jerusalem because more than half the Christmas bookings were canceled.

# Even Nepal's tourism is affected by crisis

By Binaya Guruacharya The Associated Press

KATMANDU, Nepal — Fewer tourists visited Nepal's ancient temples, snowy mountains and lush valleys in 1990, and officials blame trouble elsewhere in the

They say the Gulf crisis was the main problem. Last year was also a bad one for this Himalayan kingdom, largely because of a gasoline shortage caused by a trade dispute with neighbouring India.

"This year, you can find a hotel room anytime you want," said Surendra Shakya, manager of the Yak and Yeti Hotel in Katmandu, the capital. "Previously, you would have been lucky to find standing space.

Thousands of tourists changed plans this spring, when the country was in the grip of an uprising that brought democracy to Nepal by stripping King Birendra of near-absolute powers.

Hoteliers say 50 per cent of those who had booked rooms did not turn up during the year's second tourist season, which started in mid-September when

the monsoon ended. Most of the cancellations came from the United States and Germany, Nepal's two major

"The Americans are big spenders, and they have not come to this part of the world because of ing months. fear of war in the Middle East, a hotel manager said, on condition of anonymity.

The State Department advised Americans they might become targets in South Asia, the Middle East and North Africa because of tensions in the Gulf. where U.S. forces were deployed after Iraq occupied Kuwait on Aug. 2.

Most air routes to Nepal pass over the Gulf region and many tourists want to avoid it, Nepalese officials said. In additon, air fares are rising because of higher fuel prices.

According to the tourism department, only 176,000 tourists have visited Nepal in 1990, compared to about 210,000 in 1989. Anup Rana, owner of the Yellow Pagoda Hotel and president of the Hotel Association of Nepal, said reservations for October and November were

same months in 1988.

One travel agent said he received cancellations from 160 tourist markets in the West, they tour groups of a single day in September. The agent, who asked not to be identified, said he fears many more in the com-

> Trouble in neighbouring countries also affected Nepal's tourism because travellers usually buy holiday packages that include destinations in Nepal, India and Thailand.

A Muslim separatist movement in Kashmir, and class and sectarian violence in nothern parts of India contributed to the downturn this year, said Dipendra Purush Dhakal, director general of Nepal's tourism de-

Another tourism department official said bargain tickets offered by government-owned Royal Nepal Airlines had not helped. The reduced airfares tend to attract only low-budget tourists - who stay in cheap in hotels that charge less than \$5 a day, the official said.

Although pleasure travel is down, adventure tourists apparently are not affected. down by 30 per cent from the Trekking agencies are as busy as in other areas.

### The walled in 'puritans' of Algeria

By Philip Shehadi Reuter

BENI ISGUEN, Algeria -Nine hundred years after creating an oasis on the edge of the Sahara Desert, Algeria's Ibadite Muslims still cling to the strict moral code that earned them the epithet "Islam's puritans."

The walled city of Beni Isguen in the Mozab Valley, rising pyramid-like on a rock that overlooks a palm grove, protects a unique social order that has withstood centuries of often hostile outside rule.

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Tourists flock from around the world to marvel at buildings that inspire the architect Le Corbusier while local businessmen renowned for their acumen jet to Algiers, Annaba and other northern cities, to run shops and factories.

But a guardian appointed by the mosque keeps night watch over the city's main gate and tourists are closely monitored. Women cover themselves with long white headscarves that they hold tight with a finger, reveal-

ing only one eye. "Our social order is something we are proud of. It has proved its existence throughout 1,200 years," said Sheikh Abol Qasim Abdulhamid, a leading religious figure.

"Many people see it as a model of what an Islamic society should be." The Ibadites broke with main-

stream Islam in the late seventh century, arguing that leadership of Muslims should be determined by consensus rather than heredity.

The sect, regarded as heretical by many orthodox Sunni Muslims, spread throughout North Africa and the Arabian Peninsula and its practices are still dominant in Oman.

The Mozabites are the last descendants of an Ibadite state that ruled central North Africa for 130 years, based in what is now the city of Tiaret, until defeat by Fatimid Muslims in

Western orientalists called the Mozabites "puritans" for their strict moral code and work ethic sharpened by centuries of strug-

Digging into sand and rock with crude stone and iron tools they created the biggest artificial oases in the Sahara, feeding palm groves with a network of

irrigation canals and pumps. The houses in Beni Isguen are pastel hues of blue, green, cream and pink. Above them towers a solitary, tapered mud and brick minaret overlooking the Mozab's other four cities.

Tiny window slits, arched doors and peep holes protect; family intimacy, and keep out the,  $|\cdot|_{\cdot}$ sand that blows along the winding alleys. Terraces are walled so "no one sees you but God," says

architect Yahia Babeker. "There are no hotels, restaurants or cafes. So visitors only come to see the sights, and they must be accompanied," says tourist guide Ibrahim Zergoun.

Local affairs are regulated by centuries-old mosque and village councils that have kept some autonomy throughout Turkish and French rule asnd since Algeria won independence in

Religious leaders say doctrinal differences with the Malekite school of Sunni Islam that prevails in Algeria are superficial. But Ibadites pray differently and take a harsher view of those

who do not pray or perform "good works." They consider smoking a sin, saying it contravenes a Koranic

damages the health. Koran school is mandatory

injunction against anything that

and hard work is encouraged

their first taste of commerce at a daily public auction that turns the main square of Beni Isguen into an arena of lively debate.

Auctioneers licensed by the mosque circle the cobbled square holding up used clothes and household items, shouting and orchestrating subtle nods gle with the harsh desert climate. and gestures from the bidders.

The arrival of multi-party democracy in Algeria worries the Berber-speaking Mozabites, who fear it could ignite longstanding ethnic tension with Arab tribes that share their val-

> Three people died in riots between Arabs and Mozabites last June in the nearby town of Berriane when Arabs contested the election victory of an inde-

> > (Continued from page 1)

"some difficulties exist regarding

a final solution." IRNA's Isla-

mic Republic News Agency

Benjedid said he felt confident

that his visits and others like

them would help bring opposing

However, it quoted him as

saying that the Gulf crisis "is not

the sole problem of the Muslim

world but rather the Palestinian

uprising is another plight of

Muslims to which serious atten-

President Hashemi Rafsan-

jani, who saw off his Algerian

counterpart at the airport, told

reporters the Gulf crisis and

military buildup of forcign forces

in the region were among topics

discussed between the two sides,

Rafsanjani said he and Ben-

iedid also reviewed actions of

Israel against Palestinians and

discussed the role Muslim states

should play in the Palestinian

the news agency reported.

sides closer, IRNA said.

tion should be paid."

(IRNA) reported.

swallow just anything." uprising in the occupied West arrang Bank, and Gaza, Strip, IRNA

Rafsanjani told Iranian Tele-

vision during Benjedid's visit "The situation in the region is reaching a critical point and se-

rious action is necessary... "We will review the results of his talks so far in his tour and then, God willing, we will take a joint action to save the region

from the danger of war." IRNA said Benjedid decried what he called indifference to the crisis and was "confident that such visits would help bring closer the views of the opposing sides."

Iran, which fought a war with Iraq from 1980 to 1988, says Baghdad should completely withdraw from Kuwait and U.S.led foreign forces ranged against Iraq should also leave the Gulf.

Tehran has stepped up its diplomatic activity over the Gulf crisis with Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati due to fly to Moscow over the weekend hot on the heels of a visit to Turkey.

### **Crown Prince**

(Continued from page 1)

You know of course as Foreign Minister Tarea Aziz said to the CNN, there is a regional dimension but at the same time I think that is an issue which is being addressed in the ongoing discussion in the Security Council and they refer to the Palestinian question.

Q: Is this the initial step in what King Hussein has lately called the Arab-Arab solution?

A: I think the consultations between His Majesty and Benjedid could be a first step. Clearly all parties have to talk and you notice those countries aligned with the military buildup in the Gulf meeting in Cairo on the one side and Arab visitors to Baghdad on the other, including His Majesty. President Benjedid, the Yemenis, the Palestinians. At some stage think that has to be hyphenated if a contribution is to be made.

Q: The Jordanian prime minister has been quoted today as saving the U.S. has deliberately tried to disrupt any Arab-Arab dialogue. Is that a statement you agree with?

A: I think that there is a lot of suspicion in the U.S. over Arab-Arab dialogue and somehow the position of the alliance will be undermined and I think that this suspicion is at the end of the day unfounded because all countries in the region clearly oppose illegal annexation and the occupation by war. This is very clearly stated. Although the Arab contribution is not to undermine the international legitimacy but to boost it and to contribute to it. We hope the international community will reciprocate the same trust in contributing to regional problem-solving and in particular the case of Palestine.

In another interview with CBS television, the Crown Prince stressed that an Arab solution to the Gulf crisis does not contradict U.N. Security Council resolutions, but will help the process of implementing

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nished.

"I think that the problem at the beginning has been one of isolation and this is why we took heart at the possibility of discussion in Bachdad and in Washington and we, as Arabs, wanted desperately to have the opportunity of speaking directly to the parties involved; that is to say the Saudis, the Kuwaitis and the Iraqis. Meetings were held in Baghdad and in Cairo recently; Arab meetings of countries supporting the alliance or Arab countries that have not done so. I think that if there is a problem of communication, it is very important for Arabs to help in resolving that problem if it exists. And

certainly think that there is a

In reply to another question, he said: "I think that this point of intimidation and threats can go too far. The Iraqis I think are thoughtfully well aware of the force buildup but when you don't leave an opportunity for creative thinking I think that it is very clear that we are heading at the end of this bleak tragedy toward disaster.

problem of isolation in Iraq.

This is why I think whether King Hussein or President Chadli of Algeria or the many persons who visited Baghdad should be given some credibility in trying to see a way through to resolution of that paragraph which demands as I reminded you earlier direct Iraqi-Kuwait negotiations.

"I think that if the first meeting

between Tareq Aziz and the president is the first step, then there will be a reflection within the region and let us hope that Secretary Baker's visit to Baghdad will not then just be to serve semence and deliver the message. It really depends very much that behind those strong statemeats there is a readiness to give on both sides and to start the process, to implement withdrawal, to implement Resolution 660 which leads to diret negotiations between Iraq and Kuwait.

#### 3 Israelis (Continued from page 1)

Paramilitary border police poured into Jaffa to reinforce police coping with crowds of angry Jews. The rioters besieged a coffee shop where an Arab had taken refuge and set a car with a Gaza license plate ablaze.

Details of the killings remained unclear. According to Israel Radio the bodies were discovered by a secretary and a worker who came to the factory and found its gates locked.

After breaking in and discovering the first body, that of the woman secretary, they summoned a police officer and found two more bodies. The radio said one of the men was a factory worker; another apparently rushed in from a nearby upholstery shop upon hearing the vic-

A witness who did not give his name told the radio he saw on man "lying on the steps, folded like a bag... the knives were thrown near the body, long knives with wide blades, real

commando knives." Israeli right-wingers seized on the killing to demand tougher measures to prevent Arab attacks on Jews.

Science Minister Yuval Neeman of the far-right Tehiya party said that "unless drastic measures are taken, it will be hard to prevent spontaneous Jewish revenge operations."

Legislator Rehovoam Zeevi of the Moledet movement which advocates explusion of Arabs from the occupied territories, arrived to the scene but was held at a distance by police.

Terner said his men were looking for two brothers from the Gaza Strip.

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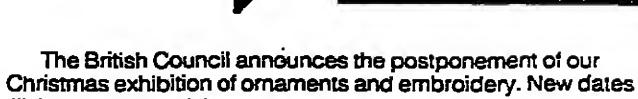
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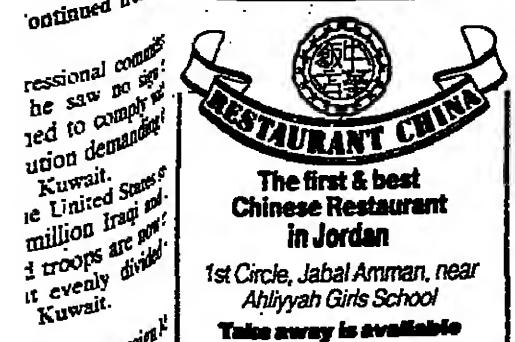
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### Sampras, Chang advance Africa to Grand Slam Cup semis

MUNICH, Germany (AP) -American Pete Sampras expects to play Goran Ivanisevic a lot in the future. He is probably hoping that it won't always be as tough as it was in the inaugural Grand Slam Cup.

Sampras, the U.S. Open champion, battled for 2 hours, 21 minutes before overcoming the tail Yugoslav 7-6, 6-7, 8-6 Thursday to reach the semifinals of the \$6-million Grand Slam

American Michael Chang beat France's Henri Leconte 7-6, 6-3 to also advance to the semifinals, assuring himself, like Sampras. of at least \$150,000.

In Friday's two remaining quarterfinals, Brad Gilbert plays Aaron Krickstein and Ivan Lendl, the sop seed left in the 16-player tournament, faces American David Wheaton.

Sampras and Ivanisevic, both 19. thrilled the crowd with their hard-hitting, big-serving games that also produced delicate volleys and sizzling passing shots. They were given a standing ovation by about 8,000 fans in Munich's Olympic Hall after their memorable duel.

With neither looking close to scoring a service break. Sampras produced two great passing shots to take an edge in the tiebreak and won the first set.

He finally scored the first service break in the 11th game of the second. But, serving for the match, Sampras dropped his serve for the first time, hitting a volley into the net at break

point. Ivanisevic went on to win the tiebreak and level the score. In the third set, Sampras fought off a break in the third game and then four more in the ninth. Had the American lost

been serving for the match. "I thought I had him, but he served very well on big points," Ivanisevic said. "The third set was pure luck."

the serve. Ivanisevic would have

Sampras agreed. " I shouldn't have gotten into that situation," he said, "I made some simple errors and I could have lost the match.

"I'm sure I'll be playing Goran a lot in the future. I tried not to get into a slugging match with him, because that's not how I would win.

"I tried a few lobs, a few passing shots, a few volleys. You have to mix it against him."

SAO PAULO, Brazil (R) -

Brazilian star Neto was both

hero and villain as Corinthians

beat Sao Paulo 1-0 in the first leg

of the National Soccer Cham-

Neto created Corinthians'

winning goal in the fourth mi-

nute with typically swerving free

kick that found Wilson Mano

unmarked in the Sao Paulo

But in the second half Neto.

compared by the Brazilian press to Argentine star Diego Mara-

pionship final Thursday.

penalty area.

The two are now 1-1 in career

Chang, who upset top-seeded Stefan Edberg of Sweden in the first round, was far too steady for the flashy Leconte, who also committed nine double-faults.

With both players dropping their serve twice in the opening set, Chang won the tiebreak 7-3. Chang was broken again in the third game of the second set, but broke back immediately, beginning a four-game surge that saw him break his French opponent again in the sixth game and eventually build an insurmountable 5-2 lead.

Sampras has yet to register his remarkable rise in tennis in his mind. But the aches and pains of a successful year are already plaguing his body, at the tender

In September, Sampras became the youngest man to win the U.S. Open title, but painful shins that have been hampering his game ever since are turning into his biggest worry for the future.

"I am still a little bit in awe about winning the U.S. Open , Sampras said. "I don't yet realise fully what I accomplished." "But here I am, 19 years old,

and I'm hurt. It isn't looking very positive I want to play the sport for as as long as my body can take it. I kind of overplayed this year because I didn't expect to do so well."

Sampras also developed a painful blister on his right foot and had problems getting it treated during the quarter-final against Ivanisevic, which lasted nearly two-and-a-half hours.

The Californian hurried during a changeover to take a dressing off the blister, hoping he would get an extra three-minute time-out to replace the bandage.

"The problem was the rules say there has to be blood on thing like that for you to get the extra three minutes," Sampras said. "So I had to play through

He said his feet and legs felt sore during the third set. But the American, who is determined to retain next year, said he put the aches and pains to the back of his mind.

Asked if he had felt the effects of a tiring year towards the end of the match, he said: "I wasn't thinking about the year. You can't think about things like that in a match."

more comfortable task in the

The misses could prove cru-

cial. Under the complicated

rules, the final will be decided on

aggregate score unless the tally is

level over the two legs. In that

case, Sao Paulo will win because

they scored more goals in the

previous games of the competi-

Neto, described by television commentators as two kilogram-

me overweight, missed all three

second and final leg Sunday.

to have 3rd team in Sampras plans to return to his Californian home in Rancho World Cup Palos Verdes to rest after the Munich event, before beginning

ZURICH (AP) - Africa will

The Excutive Committee of

ombia from playing host to inter-

national games because of drug

violence, and kicked Costa Rica

out of the 1992 Olympic Soccer

tournament because it used an

overage player in a youth

also established a working

ground to study how to increase

offense. However, it dropped

for now any plans to enlarge the

analyse today's football and

make it more attractive." FIFA

General Secretary Joseph Blat-

game. Today they play football to

protect their own goal."

"Football is an attacking

Lennart Johansson, head of

the powerful Union of European

Football Associations, will head

the task force. Former French

Captain Michel Platini. now

coach of France's national team,

wil represent coaches. Other

members will include an active

player, an active referee, an

administrator, a doctor and a media

be suggested by FIFA by 1992 to

the International Football Asso-

ciation board, soccer's rule-

Ideas recently floated include

abolishing offsides and defensive

walls on free kicks, reducing

teams from 11 players to 10 and

decreasing the distance of penal-

ty kicks, currently taken from 10

advance to the 1990 World Cup

quarterfinals, FIFA reduced

Europe from 14 to 13 slots iff the

21-team tournament and in-

creased Africa from two to

As a reward for Cameroon's

Blatter said any changes could

representative, Blatter said.

making body.

vards.

"The basic problem is to

FIFA's Executive Committee

Australian Open. have a third team in the 1994 World Cup and North and Cen-Lendl beats Bergstrom tral America and the Caribbean could have a third team, too, In other matches Ivan Lendl Soccer's world governing body sped through his first round

has decided.

tournament.

ter said.

Bergstrom Wednesday to the Federation of International guarantee himself at least a Football Associations (FIFA) \$300,000 cheque. met for the first time since last Lendl, who has already summer's World Cup and reearned nearly \$17 million in his jected Asia's bid for a third spot. phenomenal career, won 6-4 6-0 It also banned Iraq from all in 71 minutes and looks deterinternational games because of mined to add another \$2-million the Gulf crisis, banned Colby winning the tournment.

Several top players, including German Boris Becker and American John McEnroe. declined to take part in the tournament, saying the prize money was too high.

his build-up to next month's

match against Swede Christian

McEnroe accused the organisers of trying to make "money whores" of the players.

World number four Andre Agassi also criticised the event, run by the International Tennis Federation (ITF), before producing a doctor's certificate saying he was injured and could not honour his contract to play.

Agassi's withdrawal proved lucky for his replacement in the 16-man draw, fellow American Brad Gilbert, who beat sixth seed Jonas Svensson 2-6 6-3 6-4 to reach the quarter-finals.

Lendl, reigning Australian Open champion, will play American David Wheaton, a three-set winner over crowd favourite Yannick Noah of France, in the quarter-finals.

After an early exchange of breaks with Bergstrom on the carpet court, Lendi settled into his rhythm and exploited a run of errors by the Swede to break him again and go 5-4 up. Lendi served out to love for

the set, helped by two aces, and immediately wnet on the attack in the second set, breaking Bergstrom to love in the first game. With Edberg knocked out by

Chang Tuesday, Lendl must have high hopes of taking the top prize. The money was also on Wheaton's mind as the Austra-

lian Open quarter-finalist battled to keep his concentration in the face of Noah's on-court antics.

clear after a challenge by a Sao

Paulo defender but his shot was

And in the 60th minute he put

a header wide after a cross from

Fabinho found him again un-

marked in the Sao Paulo penalty

A third team could qualify Corinthians beat Sao Paulo 1-0 from the Concacaf region, which represents North and Central American and the Carribean. In the 57th minute, he shot The United States will get an wide while unmarked only six automatic berth as host. The top team in the qualifying tourna-One minute later, he broke ment also will advance.

The second-place team in qualifying will play a home-andhome series with the winner of the Oceania region. The winner of that matchup will play a homeand-home series with the no. 4 team from South America. which gets three automatic slots.

#### U.S. NBA ROUND UP

Hawks 106, Nets 97

ATLANTA (AP) - Moses Malone and Sidney Moncrief came off the bench with 8 points each in the final quarter as the Atlanta Hawks pulled away to down the New Jersey Nets 106-97 Thursday night.

The Hawks led 79-76 early in the fourth quarter when Moncrief started a 20-8 run that ended on his layup for a 99-84 lead with 1:50 to play. Dominique Wilkins led the

Hawks with 23 points and Kevin Willis added 18. Malone finished with 15, Moncrief with 11. Mookie Blaylock led the Nets with 22 points and Jack Haley

added 17. Knicks 87. Timberwolves 76 MINNEAPOLIS (AP) — Patrick Ewing and Charles Oakley dominated in the second half for the Knicks, who broke a fivegame road losing streak.

Ewing had 31 points and 15 rebounds and Oakley added 22 points and 17 rebounds as New York won its second straight game after a 0-3 start under new coach Jonn MacLeod.

Pooh Richardson almost singlehandedly rallied the Timber- Warriors 129, Supersonics wolves, scoring 13 of his 22 points during a 15-2 run that cut New York's lead to 64-62 early in the final period.

Oakley then scored on a rebound and made two free throws and Ewins hit a short jumper giving the Knicks a 70-62 lead and control.

Jazz 111, Nuggets 126

SALT LAKE CITY (AP) — Karl Malone scored 39 points and Jeff Malone added 29 as the Jazz won their 11th game in the points in the quarter, while Mullast 12.

John Stockton added 18 points and 17 assists for Utah. Orlando-Woolridge led Denver with 29, Michael Adams scored 25 and Blair Rasmussen 20 for the Nuggets, who had won their last two games.

Suns 125, Magic 111 PHOENIX (AP) — Kevin John- its conclusion.

son scored 26 of his season-high 38 points in the second half, including 8 in a decisive thirdperiod run. Tom Chambers added 25 points, Jeff Hornacek 23 and Xavier McDaniel 16 for the Suns. who won their fourth

consecutive game. Orlando, 1-11 on the road this season and 0-4 against Phoenix in Franchise history, was paced by Scott Skiles' 25 points Rookie Dennis Scott added 32. while Otis Smith and Terry Catledge had 19 apiece.

Kings 100, Trail Blazers 98 SACRAMENTO, California (AP) — The Sacramento Kings, behind 20 points by Antoine Carr, overcame a 19-point deficit to hand the Portland Trail Blazers their first road loss. The Kings snapped a two-game losing streak as Wayman Tisdale added 18 points and Anthony

Bonner 16 points. Clyde Drexier and Jerome Kersey both had 20 points as Portland, with the best record in the NBA, dropped to 19-2 overall and 9-1 on the road. Terry Porter contributed 18 points to the Blazers, who had an eightgame winning streak snapped.

OAKLAND, California (AP) -Chris Mullin and Mitch Richmond scored 20 points each to lead the Warriors.

Golden State fell behind 32-20 at the end of a sloppy first quarter, but the Warriors rallied strongly, outscoring Seattle by 17 points in the second period for a 55-50 halftime advantage. Reserve forward Tom Tolbert helped spark the move with 11 lin added eight.

With Richmod and Tim Hardaway scoring 11 points each in the third period. Golden State took firm control of the game. The Warriors outscored Seattle 20-6 in the first six minutes to lead 75-56. They increased their margin to 22 points with 2:47 left in the quarter, and led 93-76 at

### Philadelphia to bid for 1994 opening ceremonies

PHILADELPHIA (AP) - The Philadelphia Sports Congress said it may add Veterans Stadium to its bid to host the 1991 World Cup opening ceremonies and games in the first three rounds of the soccer tourna-

Backing up the local sports congress was Bill Giles, owner and president of the Philadelphia Phillies, the National Baseball League baseball team that uses the stadium along with the National Football League's

Eagles. Giles said Thursday he was investigating the possibility of arranging the Phillies' 1991 schedule to accommodate World Cup games at Veterans Stadium. and that discussion has begun on replacing the stadium's astroturf with natural grass.

The stadium's artificial aurface has ruled it out as a World Cup - site in the past. Franklin Feeld at the University of Pennsylavania is the other stadium included in the Philadelphia bid.

David Brenner, chairman of the sports congress, also presented a host fee deposit of \$70,000 to Rey Post of the World Cup USA 1994 Organising Committee. The funds were made available by the Eastern Pennsylvania Youth Soccer Association.

"Philadelphia is now the premier east coast choice for the first World Cap soccer tournament to be held in the United States in its 60-year history," he

### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY DECEMBER 15, 1990 -By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Think in terms of those ideas with which you have already become inspired but which necessitates a revision on your part by your reviving them and seeking new ways to make them operative.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This can be a very happy day for you especially if you think in terms of your own creative skills and do something that you really enjoy. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be sure that you do spend your time with your own family as much as possible and discuss with them what you can do to have a happier home. ---

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You find your interest in listening to lessons, sermons, lectures as well as good reading can be paramount now to express yourself by actions. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You need more abundance than you presently have and you are able to invision a greater prosperity than you currently have

by extra security. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) This is your day to do pretty much what you please for you are not only able to think in terms of present happiness but in long range well-

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Now you are able to quietly mediate, reflect and concentrate upon what you can do to others and also to be happer about vourself.

1.1BRA: (September 23 to October 22) A truly generous friend with likes you very much will go along with most anything you wish so be sure to let him know what you have

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) Now you find its up so you to go straight to that prominent person you know today to let him know you will go along with pronosed plans.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to. December 21) This is your time to be off and away to those fascinating new interests or conditions that appeal to you so avoid getting in a

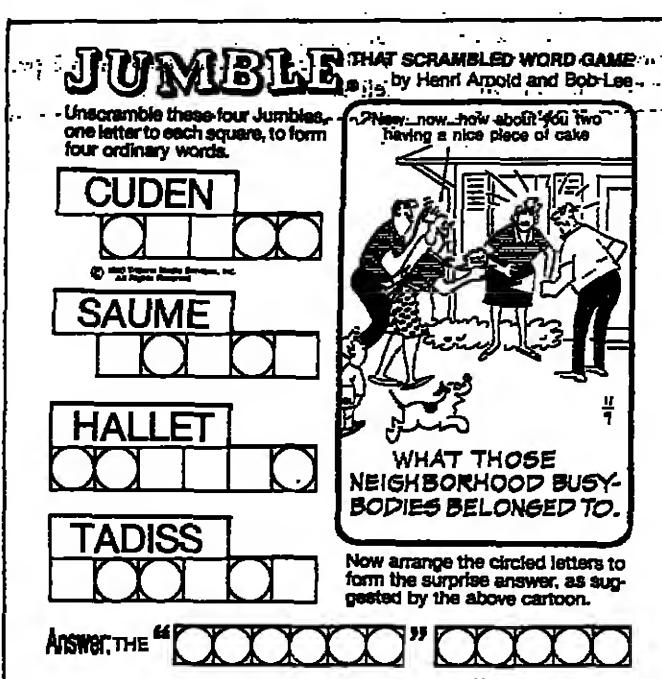
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) All of those exacting tasks you have to do can be the means by which you get the goodwill of others and have big success. in the long run. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-

ary 19) Now you are able to find the answer to why an associate has not been as close recently and you also know to fix whatever has been

PISCES: (February 20 to March ] 20) This is your day to make your surroundings more attractive and also to think out what you can do to please and serve one who needs your help.



"Sometimes women my age get a little mustache! It's not a caterpillar!"



Jumbles: PAUSE TEPID CIPHER NUANCE

Answer: Lots of "pull" will get you almost anywhere, except when this is required—"PUSH"

#### dona, wasted three glorious chances during a four minute chances of giving Corinthians a WHAT ARE WE Kasparov, Karpov draw

19th championship game LYON, France (AP) — Garry Kasparov and Anatoly Karpov agreed to draw the 19th game of

Wednesday after 39 moves. Karpov, playing white, and Kasparov, the defending champion, played nearly the entire time allotment of five hours before ending the game, leaving Kasparov ahead 10 points to 9.

their world championship series

Karpov opened by moving his queen's pawn forward two squares. Kasparov, who wrested the world title from Karpov in 1985, responded by moving his knight to square F6.

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you 47 "AK7652 G-AK8 +A72 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East P255 2 🛊

What do you bid now?

Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you ◆AK1065 77 : AQJ5 ◆K105 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 2 + Pass

What do you bid now?

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you #AQJ72 784 0AQ7 #Q104 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East P255 1 NT 2 7

What action do you take?

The first player to win 12.5 points wins the championship. If both players finish the series with 12 points, Kasparov retains his title.

### GOREN BRIDGE

2 1295 Tribuse Media Sentces, Inc.

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you TKQJ105 173 4J10962 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 3 🛨 47 44 P255 What action do you take?

> Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you 4AQ73 TA TA6 4KJ10762 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 1 7 P255

What do you bid now? Q.6—As South, vulnerable, you

**♦Q6 7Q93 ∴AQ10543 <b>♦KQ** The bidding has proceeded: East South West North Pass 2 4 P255 Pass 3 💠 What do you bid now?

### Mutt'n'Jeff

metres from the goal.

saved by keeper Zetti.



### Andy Capp







### **Peanuts**



### THE Daily Crossword by Stanley B. Whitten

Bricklayer's troughs 5 Versitier 9 Flooded with 14 Molding 15 invisible 16 Key letter 17 Highest award 19 Quiver item 20 Result 21 Hush-hush gp. 23 Bifurcation 24 Above: pref. 26 inclines 28 Falana of 30 Mess up 33 Ludwig or 34 Taj Mahai site 35 Snicker sound 39 Reply: abbr. 40 Large Hzards 42 Ogygian S 1990 Tribune Media Services, inc. Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: 45 Sets & dog

5 Grocery item 46 Hitch 6 "-- Town" 47 Calms 7 Giapton of 49 Not any rock 50 Veteran 8 Hack 53 Pub offering 9 Alias letters 55 Elegant 56 A Gardner 10 Fighting 11 Altchen wear 59 Addicts 12 Recreation 81 Feeds the 13 Aggressive

63 Décorates

66 Band of

brilliantly

feather

67 Rummage

DOWN

2 Monster

3 Scholars'

4 Voluptuous

place

Grab greedily

68 Robt -

69 Uneasy

70 Vipers

18 Copy: abbr. 22 Bat wood 25 Venerable 27 Permits 28 News disclosure 31 Path 71 Large number 32 Wipe out

29 Atlanta arena 36 Distinguished 37 Verve 38 Rim 40 it's clear to

41 Attacks

57 Role in 46 Stemutations 48 Gun lobby 50 Tic 51 Lone Ranger's 62 Secret companion 52 Houston pro

HASA

ADRITA

58 OT prophet

54 Young org. 65 Sthch

60 Snicker-

64 Jazz style

RAGE BOR

OBOTE

LUCILLEBALL FAR PERVED SMART GIBE TOOLL OKAY

ADO HOT TARRES RIDOARES SCAUES

DONAN GAB FRODE

IMBEDS TEARSOUT

THE COULD'S SEED

HAD TRESTMY CASE TEE ROOT ENGOT ARR EERY SEATE

KILLES BUREAU

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### GCC plans to boost joint ventures, private sector

you can do to be happier ABU DHABI (R) — The Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) has plember 23 to 0c.

generous frient,

ry much will go:

nything you will k

im know what you; prepared a draft plan to be submitted to the group's summit on Dec. 22, aimed at boosting joint investments and encouraging the private sector.

"The plan is intended to boost October 23 to be joint ventures among GCC you find its up to commies, encourage the private ght to that proc.

know today to ket

vill go along with sector and gradually sell government ownership in projects," a United Arab Emirates (UAE) finance and industry ministry UUS: (November source said

21) This is your be The six countries already have away to those its around ou so avoid setting them. around \$5 million worth of existing joint ventures between

"The focus of the new draft is RN: (December 7 on the private sector," one minishave to do can be
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(February 20 mg

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By Harris

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try source said. The private sector generates only 35 per cent of the gross national product within the

The leaders of the GCC will gather at a summit meeting in Doha on Dec. 22 for the first time after Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait.

The invasion of Knwait has led to a decline in business confidence in the region, especially in the private sector.

The draft GCC investment plan promises soft loans to projects from member governments provided more than two of the GCC states take part and the cost of the project is not less than 50

### million Saudi riyals (\$14 million).

Thursday, December 13, 1990 Central Bank official rates

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. dollar **Pound Sterling** 1294.8 446.9 449.6 Swiss tranc

French franc

Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown Italian lira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)

396.2 398.6 118.6 59\_3 59.7 215.4 216.7

131.6 132.4

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

1.9435/45 1.1590/1600 1.4780/90 1.6680/90 1.2675/85 30.60/65 5.0220/70 1115/1116 132.30/40

5.5750/5800 5.8050/8100 5.6960/7010 One ounce of gold 373.20/70

French francs

Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

#### **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

TOKYO — Tokyo stocks finished lower after posting the heaviest turnover in nearly two months. The Nikkei index was down 293.47 points or 1.19 per cent to 24,349.50.

SYDNEY - Shares fell on government's failure to cut interest rates. Brokers said hopes for a rate cut were inspired after the November labour force dath showed memployment at 8,2 per cent. The All Ordinaries fell 9-7 points to 1,310.0.

HONG KONG --- The Hang Seng eased 24:43 points to 3,125.69 and the broader-based Hong Kong index lost 15.43 to 2,048.81. SINGAPORE — The market closed weaker on profit-taking. The Straits Times industrial index retreated 6.82 points to end at

BOMBAY - Shares closed broadly higher in cautious end-week trading but turnover was light amid rumours banks planned to raise interest rates. The Bombay Stock Exchange index rose 7.88 to 1,242.84.

FRANKFURT — The DAX index swung higher after a disappointing start and ended at 1,522.40. This is the first time the index has ended above 1,520 points since Sept. 17. ZURICH - Swiss shares fell in selective and moderate trading

with operators reluctant to take initiatives. The all-share SPI index slipped 1.9 to 924.9. PARIS — Shares ended weaker after more profit-taking stoked by a drop in Wall Street values. The CAC-40 index fell 23.88 to

1.635.52. LONDON - Shares dropped from early highs as the market saw U.S. blue chips extending losses on Wall Street. By 1630 GMT

the FTSE 100 was 3.8 at 2,168.4. NEW YORK — Comments from two senators that President Bush might give up efforts for talks with Iraq sent blue chips lower. The Dow fell about 33 to 2,581.

### Maghreb, Europe to study Algerian natural gas pipeline

ALGIERS (R) - Energy com- proposed pipeline that would year to Spain from the end of Mediterranean formed a joint Gibraltar, Sonatrach said. venture in Morocco Wednesday Algeria is one of the world's Europe through Spain.

group Sonatrach said it formed Italy via Tunisia. the company in Casablanca with tugal S.A., Gaz de France, Enu- metres a year.

nical studies on sections of the of five billion cubic metres is said

panies from both sides of the across Morocco and the Strait of

to study a proposed pipeline to top natural gas exporters and take Algerian natural gas to already pumps some 12 billion cubic metres a year through a Algeria's state hydrocarbons trans-Mediterranean pipeline to

1995 and two billion cubic metres annually to Morocco. Sonatrach and Engels agreed on the quantity last November in a letter of intent

The second phase, under discussion by Sonatrach, Engers, It recently announced plans to Gaz de France and Ruhrgas. Morocco's Societe Nationale des double natural gas exports this would involve transporting gas Produits Petroliers. Gas de Por- decade to up to 40 billion cubic north of the Pyrenees dividing Spain and France

gas of Spain and Ruhreas of Sonatrach said the pipeline. A spur to Portugal carrying Germany. project was envisaged in two one billion cubic metres a year The firm would carry out tech- phases, starting with the supply was also envisaged. Sometruch

### Depressed by recession fears

# Silver price falls to '76 lows

NEW YORK (R) - Silver in two ways - as a precious silver mined in the world, Indeprices tumbled Thursday to the metal and aan industrial one - bted Mexico and Peru are major lowest levels in nearly 15 years, and concern is mounting that it producers. as fears mounted that a recession recession will reduce its industwill deeply cut industrial de- rial use. mand for the metal.

a low of \$3.97. It was the lowest since Feb. Silver's chronic oversupply reflected in the price." 10, 1976, when silver closed at was highlighted in a recent re-\$3.93 an ounce.

that it's being hurt by changing worth of industrial consumption. It slow year-end dealings. expectations that the U.S. recesthan what had been expected recession, the analysis said.

Commodity Exchange closed production this year of 530 mil- dounturn " said Nichols "Inwith a loss of 2.0 cents at \$4.006 lion ounces is overshooting in- vestors, dealers, industrial users an ounce, after sinking briefly to dustrial demand of 486 million assume that demand for silver ounces, analysis said.

search study that said world ing. spot gold ended \$1.60 high-"The problem with silver is stocks were equal to 2.35 years' er at \$374.30 an ounce in typical-But the big drag on prices was

only two months ago," said Jef- Silver's major uses, for photo- \$414.50 an ounce. Palladium for frey Nichols of American Pre- graphic products and solder. March delivery closed down cious Metals Advisors. Florida- stand to suffer from a recession. \$3.10 at \$88.45 an ounce after based investment consultants. The photographic industry con- sinking to a new contract low of Analysts said silver is viewed sumes about 45 per cent of all \$86.00.

"The consensus is shifting from a short and mild recession to something more serious, like a Spot silver on the New York. On a global basis, world-wide longer and more prolonged will diminish, and this has been

In other precious merals trad

On the New York Mercantile sion will be deeper and longer the prospect of a bad economic Exchange, platinum for January delivery closed down \$1.47 to

### United States company enters major Ethiopian business venture

viewing its economic policies.

dividends.

New investment rules offer in-

centives covering tax, trade, fore-

ign ownership and repatriation of

Mengistu's speech accelerated

reforms started two years earlier

agriculture, industry and housing

Reforms must tackle an unpro-

to introduce market forces to

to revive a stagnant economy.

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passport.

Ashani Kumar, an Indian

ADDIS ABABA (R) — A U.S. Mariam announced an end to 15 company has agreed a \$5 million joint venture with Ethiopia, just nine months after the government announced it had abandoned marxism, the government daily Ethiopian Herald has said. It said the U.S.-based Pioneer Overseas Corporation was invest-

project to grow and market food The state-owned Ethiopian Seeds Corporation would provide the remaining \$1.5 million, it said. The new company, will be called Ethiopian Pioneer Hi-Bred Seeds

ing \$3.5 million in a 20-year

Incorporated. It is the first United States investment in Ethiopia for years and follows a visit to Addis Ababa last month by Herman Cohen, U.S. assistant secretary of state

for African affairs. Political analysts saw Cohen's visit as a sign of warmer ties which have developed since Iraq invaded Kuwait on Aug. 2.

Ethiopia, currently holding the African chair int he United Nations' Security Council, has strongly supported the U.S.-led anti-Iraq coalition. Since President Mengistu Haile

**Jordan Times** Tel: 667171

fitable public sector, rigid labour years of rigid marxism last laws and interference with most March, Ethiopia has begun restate-owned firms.

> Talks have began with the World Bank and International Monetary Fund on a structural adjustment programme. Deputy Prime Minister Wollie

> Chekol said recently that when a deal was reached resources would be channelled into essential capital imports to develop industry and agriculture. But donors say aid may be

withheld to bring pressure on the government to take firm steps to end its civil wars. Diplomats say up to 60 per cent

of the government's budget is country. devoted to defence.

# OPEC shows no sign of reducing oil target prices, production

VIENNA, Austria (AP) - Despite unexpected surges in oil prices, OPEC isn't about to stop fighting for higher crude re-

"Ail the countries need money now," OPEC President Sadek Boussena said Thursday at the end of the group's winter strategy session.

During the two-day meeting, the ministers of the 13-nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) agreed to continue pumping extra oil to meet any shortfall during the Gulf crisis.

But Sandi Arabia and the other OPEC members also agreed to cut production once the crisis ends.

In doing so, officials hope to avoid a sharp drop in prices that would hurt their struggling economies.

Following the Aug. 2 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait, OPEC agreed to suspend its quota system and increase pumping to make up for one million barrels of lost Iraqi and Kuwaiti crude. The oil was deleted from the

international market after the

United Nations ordered an embargo of Iraq and Kuwait.

OPEC's current production is at around 23 million barrels a day and unlikely to go much higher.

"We are producing more or less at the maximum level." said Boussena.

Higher prices during the Gulf crisis have brought millions of dollars into the coffers of oil producers. Some OPEC members, such as Algeria, Nigeria and Ecuador, badiy need the money to support their impover-

ished economies. Saudi Arabia, OPEC's largest oil producer, has contributed much of its windfall to nations suffering from the economic impact of the Gulf crisis. Some of the money has also been used to help pay for the U.S.-led multinational force stationed on Saudi

Boussena, who is Algeria's mines minister, hinted the group might consider lifting its target price above \$21 a barrel after the

Last July, for the first time since 1986, the ministers raised

the benchmark price from \$19 a

"I am certain people need more money. It is clear. It is stated by all of us," said Bousse-

Since Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait, oil prices have fluctuated wildly between roughly \$20 and \$40 on fears that an outbreak of war in the Gulf could cut off crude oil supplies.

Analysts say OPEC's aggressive production during the Gulf crisis could lead to a glut on the market next year — and plung-

ing prices. Peter Bogin, associate director for oil markets at Cambridge Energy Research Associates in Paris, predicted that at winter's end, crude prices could slide be-

iow \$20 a barrel. Demand for crude has eased because of the slumping American economy and warmer-thanexpected weather in the United States and other consuming na-

Moreover, industrialised nations have been filling their storage tanks to prepare for possible war and an oil cut off in the

### EC report calls for food, technical help for Moscow

BRUSSELS (R) — The European Community (EC) should help the Soviet Union achieve a market economy by sending food and technical aid, the EC's executive commission has said.

It recommended in a report that the Community should consider a 750 million European Currency Unit (ECU) (\$1 billion) programme for 1991 to help fill empty shelves in Soviet shops.

The roport, a copy of which was obtained by Reuters, put likely Soviet food import needs next year at three billion ECUs (\$4.2 billion), and said foreign contracts signed so far by Moscow covered only one-quarter of

this amount. The commission painted a grim picture of a Soviet economy hit by poor delivery systems, falling work discipline, high absenteeism, and a growing tendency among Soviet republics to ignore

The report was issued against a

that needs of other parts of the

backdrop of open Soviet warnings that Western Europe risked being flooded soon with Soviet migrants unless big injections of investments are promised.

With Soviet exports stagnating and its vital oil sales atroad tumbling, the commission report said Moscow must ultimately be responsible for the nation's ecopomic rescue — but that foreign assistance was necessary too.

It suggested that only one-third of the food programme next year be provided as direct grants, while two-thirds would come as credits from the EC budget. Against a background of re-

ports of food supplies being siphoned off to black markets or left to rot in railway sidings, the commission said fresh supplies must be closely coordinated with Soviet authorities and indepen-

dent aid organisations. It called for a five-point programme of technical assistance to Moscow costing 400 million ECUs (\$560 million) next year and 600 million ECUs (\$840 million) in 1992.

Under this programme, the EC would help finance management training, education for civil servants in a market economy and the creation of a Western-style social security network.

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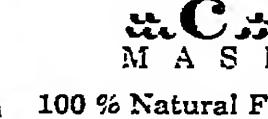
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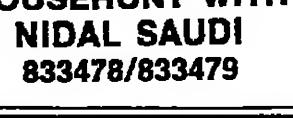
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Council.



### Major tells EC summit Britain wants positive role in Europe

·ROME (R) — British Prime Minister John Major, attending his first European Community (EC) summit, said Friday that Britain wanted to play a central and positive role in Europe.

"I don't think anyone in the community wants confrontation." Major told reporters before the opening of the two-day meeting in Rome.

"We have to engage in discussions in a constructive spirit and so must our partners," he added.

His tone was in marked contrast to that of his predecessor Margaret Thatcher, whose blunt and belligerent defence of British policy led to countless rows at EC summits during her 11-

year premiership. Her lone stand at the Rome summit last October over moves to a single currency, when she said the other 11 were in "cloud cuckoo land," prompted the resignation of her deputy Sir Geoffrey Howe and the leadership challenge which toppled her.

Major stressed, however, that the thrust of British policy towards the Community had not changed and that London still favoured promoting a "hard ECU" (European Currency Unit) as a parallel EC currency circulating alongside national currencies.

"I was a member of Mrs. Thatcher's cabinet for some time... the policies then remain cabinet policies," said Major. who developed the hard ECU plan while serving as her chancellor of the exchequer (finance minister).

All other 11 governments

PANMUNIOM, Korea (R) —

North Korean Premier You

Hyong-Muk returned home

from four days of talks in Seoul

Friday, telling his South Korean

hosts to be less narrow-minded

in their views of Korean recon-

You crossed the heavily forti-

fied border before midday at this

cluster of official buildings, the

only crossing point between

travelling through Panmunjom,"

he said, "but the road is too

narrow and we need to widen

The stocky, 63-year-old tech-

nocrat entered South Korea

Tuesday for a third round of

talks with South Korean Prime

Minister Kang Young-Hoon.

"There are many people

North and South Korea.

ciliation.

want the Community to have a single currency managed by an EC central banking system.

"You can't just leap at that." Major said. "It's a decision of immense significance...we need to see if it works. We need to see what the economic effect of it will be."

In an attempt to bridge the gap between Britain and its partners. European Commission President Jacques Delors intends to present a draft treaty on monetary union which provides for the new EC Central Bank to manage a "strengthened ECU" during the transitional phase to monetary union. EC officials

Major was speaking during a round of bilateral meetings with some of his EC colleagues, designed to help the new prime minister get to know veterans of

Community life. He had breakfast with summit host and chairman Giulio Andreotti, then saw Ruud Lubbers of the Netherlands and German Chancellor Helmut Kohl. Officials say he also plans talks with French President Francois Mitterrand and Irish Prime Minister Charles Haughey some time during the summit.

On other summit issues, Major will press for a very strong statement on a need to restart the failed GATT talks on world

trade. British officials said. Major said the Community must ensure that the distribution of any food aid to the Soviet Union was carefully managed. "It is no good having food rotting in a (railway) siding in

But the talks, as expected, pro-

duced little more than an agree-

ment to meet again next year.

in Seoul in September in the

highest-level inter-Korean dia-

logue since the peninsula was

split in 1945. A second meeting

was held in Pyongyang in Octo-

on a basic first step to reconcilia-

tion, and the third round of talks

ended sourly, each side blaming

the other for the lack of prog-

ful that the talks could not pro-

North Korean spokesman An

backwards," he said. "The

"South Korea is now stepping

duce any substantive result.

Byong-Su told reporters.

"North Korea was very regret-

But the Koreas cannot agree

The prime ministers first met

regretting lack of progress

Leningrad rather than rotting in a grain store here," he said.

Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd said meanwhile that despite a change of style, Britain would not allow the summit to take binding decisions on political union - a broad overhaul of the EC's powers and institutions.

Such decisions should come after negotiations in the political union inter-governmental conference (IGC) which will formally open in parallel with an IGC on monetary union at the end of the summit Saturday.

"If they try, once again, to impose decisions on us before discussion has started, then we will be heading for difficulties." Hurd told Le Figaro in an interview published Friday.

Some diplomats believe that Italy may try to push the political union debate in the same way it did for monetary union last October.

"Everybody knows that progress at the end of the day has to be by unanimity," Hurd told reporters in Rome. "Nobody can be hijacked. This puts us in a strong position."

British government officials later hammered home the message that Major was bringing to the summit — that his government wanted to play a full part in snaping the European Community from within and did not want to be isolated.

Emphasising the difference between the 47-year-old Major and his predecessor Thatcher, 18 years his senior, one official said

South could discard its insincere

attitude if the prospect for prog-

ress in the talks is to become

In Seoul. Park Hee-Tae, a

spokesman for the ruling Demo-

cratic Liberal Party said: "I hope

the North will stop trying to

make the talks a stage for prop-

aganda or a place for political

manoeuvring aimed at creating

"We pray for the fourth round

North Korea has insisted that

both sides first sign a non-

aggression accord while Seoul

has demanded initial agreement

on measures to build confidence,

such as increased cross-border

trade and travel.

of talks to be talks for results and

not talks for talks themselves,"

divisions in the South.

brighter.

Major would "stress that most people of his generation and younger in Britain take a very positive view of the Commun-

He added: "We see it in our national self-interest to help build and shape the European Community and that's what we hope to do."

#### Conservative popularity slips...polls

Meanwhile Major's Conservative Party, whose popularity soared when he replaced Thatcher last month, has lost ground to the opposition Labour Party, opinion polls released Thursday show.

A Gallup poll for Friday's Daily Telegraph newspaper gave the Conservatives 43 per cent, compared with 40.5 for Labour and 10.5 per cent for the centrist Liberal Democrats.

A similar poll for the Independent newspaper put the Conservatives at 47 per cent and Labour 38 per cent.

The same trend had been reflected in a poll 24 hours earlier in the Guardian newspaper. which gave the Conservatives 45 per cent and Labour 43 per cent.

Thatcher's departure initially boosted the Conservatives' fortunes, giving them a poll lead of up to 11 per cent under Major. Until Thatcher's resignation, opinion polls had for more than

a year consistently placed Labour well ahead of the Conservatives — sometimes by as much as 20 per cent.

### N. Korean premier leaves Seoul calls for review of

JOHANNESBURG (R) said Friday it was time the anti-

repeat the trite slogans," he said at the opening of the ANC's first full conference inside the country in 30 years.

evaluate the advisability of in-

account of changing realities. The ANC has said repeatedly sanctions should be maintained until President F.W. De Klerk

theid. Constitutional talks on giving blacks the vote have only reached a preliminary stage and De Klerk is not due to repeal key race laws including residential apartheid until the parliamentary session starting in

ANC Deputy President Nel-ANC consults churches, trade

EC Foreign Minister were due to discuss South Africa at summit Friday.

### 30 held in Albania riots

VIENNA (R) — Albanian media said Friday 30 people were arrested and 10 injured in an anti-Communist riot that raised a spectre of violence in Albania's move from rigid rule to multi-party democracy.

The riot was the second in Albania in a week that saw the birth of the small Baikan state's first independent political party for 45 years after the ruling Communists dumped steadfast opposition to a multi-party sys-

Radio and the Albanian News Agency (ATA) said troops in the northern city of Shkoder quelled Thursday's violence after "hooligans" used dynamite. knives, iron bars and "whatever else they could get hold of against police and official prop-

Newspaper reports said demonstrators also had guns. ATA reported the arrest and injuries in a domestic dispatch obtained by Reuters by telephone. Other sources in Tirana said Shkoder, near the Yugoslav

border, was quiet Friday. The New Democratic Party, founded at a peaceful rally of tens of thousands of cheering supporters in Tirana Wednesday, condemned the violence and appealed for calm.

"Such acts have nothing in common with the democracy we all together want to establish but they compromise and undermine it," the group said in a statement published in Friday's newspap-

In France, Albania's leading intellectual Ismail Kadare urged compatriots not to seek revenge for decades of Stalinist repression and said hardliners could hit back at change.

"Albanians must not fall into bad habits of a post-dictatorship period. They must forget feelings of vengeance," novelist Kadare told the daily Le Figaro. He defected to France in October over the slow pace of reform.

"Like everyone, I'm frightened. I fear a counter-attack by Albania's conservative forces. But I think the democratic forces will be able to crush them peacefully," Kadare said.

President Ramiz Alia Tuesday did an apparent U-turn on democracy, steering acceptance of alternative political parties through a Central Committee meeting that sacked five politbuto members and unprecedented student protests in Tirana.

He has warned of "pain and losses" if the transition to pluralism goes out of control.

Sources in the Democratic Party, formed by students and academics, said founders would fan out across Albania Friday to explain their platform for peaceful democratic change and visit Shkoder and Kavaje to investigate the unrest.

Windows were smashed. shops looted and street lighting wrecked in Kavaje, about 70 kilometres southwest of Tirana. when youths rampaged through the town Tuesday, Albanian journalists said. They had no reports of injuries or arrests.

"Generally the police and army in Albania are being very. very restrained. They probably fear any citicism by the democratic forces for using violence." one source said.

The army, hardliners and Sigurimi secret police forces have yet to take a stance on this week's startling changes, which have swung maverick Albania behind pluralism one year or more after the rest of Eastern Europe.

### Consulates to open in Kiev, New York

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Soviet Union will open a consulate in New York next month in exchange for the United States opening a diplomatic office in Kiev in the Ukraine, the State Department said.

The announcement called the decision "an important step that will facilitate the growth of tourism and business contacts, as well as exchange and cooperation programmes."

Meanwhile weary shoppers ending another day of scouring stores for food said Thursday they welcomed economic aid from the United States and did not feel ashamed, because it wasn't a handout.

"What humiliation?" said Nikolai Kropotov as he bundled up against the chill of the Moscow night. "No one is humiliated."

The U.S. government has promised the Soviet Union up to \$1 billion in loan guarantees to buy American wheat, com and other farm products to stave off food shortatges this winter. "You are selling it quite fairly

and we are buying it quite fairly," said Kropotov, 72. "There is no embarrassment."

As he adjusted a cloth sack to secure three loaves bought at bread Store No. 150 in western Moscow, Kropotov said he was confident the food the Soviet government would buy from the United States would reach the people, despite the current problems in the nation's supply sys-

Expressing similar confidence was Viktor Rozhkov, 55, who was waiting in the store while his wife bought bread. "At present, I think the food

KGB and the police all controll-

MANILA (AP) — Chinese Pre-

mier Li Peng said Friday that his

country would supply 300,000

tons of oil to the Philippines.

which has suffered major econo-

mic losses due to the Gulf crisis.

Li and Philippine President

Corazon Aquino turned their

attention to the situation in the

Gulf in their talks on the second

day of the Chinese premier's

three-day visit, said Press Under-

Mrs. Aguino initially praised

China for its work in the Security

Council, which last month

approved a resolution authoris-

WARSAW (Agencies) - The

Polish parliament accepted the

resignation of Prime Minister

Tadeusz Mazowiecki and his

Mazowiecki offered to quit

after his humiliating defeat in

the first round of Poland's pres-

idential election last month,

coming third behind Solidarity

union leader Lech Walesa and

emgire millionaire Stanislaw

The Sejm (lower house) voted

by 224 to 16 with 122 abstentions

to accept the resignation, but

asked Mazowiecki and his team

to stay on in a caretaker capacity

until a new government is

Mazowiecki's government fell

almost exactly 15 months after

he took over in September 1989

as the first non-communist prime

minister of an East European

He announced he would res-

ign after gaining only 18 per cent

state in more than 40 years.

government Friday.

Tyminski.

formed.

Paredes told reporters that

secretary Horacio Paredes.

will make it to the stores, what with the Interior Ministry, the

Chinese Premier meets Aquino

Polish parliament accepts

Mazowiecki's resignation

ing its distribution," Rozhkov

He had some mixed feelings about the aid. "On the one hand we need help, but on the other, you have to pay for any credit,"

Rozhkov said. "If it was help simply free of charge, it would be humiliating," he said, "but as it's credit, it's not humiliating."

Asked what kind of goods he would like to see purchased with the loan guarantees, Rozkkov replied: "Basic food, canned goods, sausage, mean products. Nowadays, we have practically nothing."

Others questioned on the street said they would like to see more meat, butter and milk in

"I want to see all those things (that were) freely available the shops a year ago," said Muscovite Raisa L. Lebedins-

"It is very good that our relationships are so close," she said of the current ties with the Un-

ited States. A 68-year-old woman who wanted to be identified only as

Katya said the U.S. aid was only proper, because the Soviet Union had helped other nations for "We have been helping other

countries a lot, and that's why everything has disappeared. she said. "Why should we be embarrassed now? I don't think it's embarrassing." Vasily I. Tarasov, who was

hurrying home with a plastic bag in each hand, viewed the U.S. economic assistance as needed help from a friend.

"We are to blame," said Tarasov. 75. "We allowed it. The whole nation is to blame, and now the whole nation has to escape from this."

ing the use of force after Jan. 15

if Iraqi forces do not withdraw

from Kuwait. China abstained in

the vote on the resolution, but

did not use its veto power to

"Li Peng said that 'you must

be aware that we did not vote as

the other four permanent mem-

bers did.' And he said 'I am very

curious to know what is your

comment on China's position in

the Security Council." Paredes

saying the matter was best left to

their foreign ministers to discuss.

of the vote, behind Walesa and

outsider Tyminski, in the first

round of the presidential elec-

The humiliation was widely

perceived as a massive popular

protest against the harsh econo-

mic programme of Finance

Mazowiecki told parliament in

his farewell address Friday that

"Poland is a different country"

from the one he took charge of

to make this painful beginning,"

But the disappearance of lines

at stores, the vastly improved

selection of consumer goods, the

stabilisation of the currency and

development of a private sector

are "signs of permanent

"We did not try to arouse

hopes which could not be fulfil-

"This government's role was

Minister Leszek Balcerowicz.

tion on Nov. 25.

15 months ago.

Mazowiecki said.

changes." he said.

led," he said.

block the measure.

### U.S. pop is an export

NEW YORK (R) — Though they may no longer crave Amer-

### that this will help resolve the

SYDNEY (R) — Australian doctors are proclaiming a Christmas miracle after a nine-monthold baby survived when her pram was crushed by a train-The child's pram rolled away from her mother at a Perth suburban railway station Tues: day morning. It fell on to the track in front of a city-bonne train which was unable to stop." "If you want a Christmas miracle, here it is," a hospital spokes woman said by telephone Wednesday. "The train apparently picked up the pusher: and dragged it along underneath before it could stop," the spokeswoman said. "The pusher probably protected the stild from further injury." The baby was admitted to hospital with a. fractured skull and cuts. She came out of intensive care Wednesday. The mother is still "pretty shocked," the spokes woman said.

### 7 Hong Kong boat people saved from suicide bid

GENEVA (R) - Seven Vietnamese boat people set themselves ablaze in an apparent collective suicide attempt in a Hong Kong camp Friday, the United Nations Refugee Agency re-

ported. A spokesman for the office of the High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said none of the seven was in danger although two were severely burnt and were being treated in hospital. The seven, from Whitehead

largest with a total population of 40,000, were among a group of 10 on a hunger strike.

They had recently been classified as non-refugees after screening and faced repatriation to Communist Vietnam as illegal immigrants, the spokesman said.

More than 52,000 Vietnamese, seeking a better life abroad, live in crowded detention camps and centres in the British colony after sailing out of Vietnam in makeshift craft.

### Detention Camp, Hong Kong's Colombian drug lords free

third kidnapped journalist

MEDELLIN (R) — Colombia's cocaine barons have freed a well-known television journalist 15 weeks after kidnapping her, witnesses said.

Azucena Lievano, editor of

the Cripton Television news programme, was the third of eight journalists kidnapped by cocaine traffickers to be freed. She was one of a group of journalists kidnapped by drug traffickers last Aug. 30. The group was abducted en route to

what they believed would be a

clandestine interview with

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Manuel Perez, leader of the National Liberation Army guerrilla group.

Lievano Thursday was dropped off outside the gates of El Colombiano newspaper in Medellin, the base for Colombia's largest cocaine cartel. newspaper employees said.

Juan Vitta, a local journalist. and Hero Buss, a German journalist, were released recently in what political analysts say could be a gesture of goodwill by drug gangs negotiating with the Colombian government.

### Murder charges against U.S. 'suicide doctor' dropped

DETROIT (R) — A judge dismissed murder charges Thursday against an American doctor who helped a woman kill herself with his home-made "suicide

machine". The Michigan judge ruled there was insufficient evidence to try Dr. Jack Kevorkian in the death of Janet Adkins, 54, a Portland, Oregon woman who committed suicide using the physician's machine on June 4,

"Janet Adkins, not Kevorkian, caused the death." Oakland County District Court Judge Geral McNally ruled...

The judge noted Michigan has no law against assisting suicide attempts. He suggested the state legislature, not the courts, must address right-to-die issues, including, whether assisted suicide should be legal.

Kevorkian, 62, was charged with first-degree homicide earlier this month. He called the ruling a "victory for the elderly and the terminally ill."

### Amazonians protest against murder of workers

XAPURI, Brazil (R) - Rubber tappers have demonstrated in front of the courthouse where the accused murderer of Brazilian rainforest martyr Chico

Mendes was being tried. Osmanino Amancio, a rubber tapper leader and successor to Mendes, asked some 200 people at the Amazonian courthouse protesting against the murder of vet another worker to raise clenched fists in a moment of silence in memory "of our fellow work-

er who was killed." Jose Helio da Silva, an adviser to the Union of Rural Workers of Palamares in Pernambuco state, northeastern Brazil, was gunned down as he got out of his car early Thursday.

According to the rubber tappers in Xapuri, the president of the Union of Rural Workers in Palamares received a letter in May telling him his adviser must be silenced. "Chico Mendes sleeps because he talked too much," the unsigned letter read.

The murder of Mendes on Dec. 22, 1988 has come to symbolise both the efforts of the rubber tappers to preserve the Amazon rain forest as well as the violence to which rural workers in Brazil are subjected.

Mendes' campaign to save the rain forest earned him enemies among powerful farmers who wanted to clear the land.

Rancher Darly Alves da Silva has been accused of ordering his son Darci to murder Mendes. In the opening day of the trial of the two Wednesday Darci confessed to murdering Mendes bu! said he acted alone.

Several hundred rubber tappers and other rural workers travelled long distances to attend the trial.

# sanctions

African National Congress (ANC) President Oliver Tambo apartheid movement reviewed its stand on sanctions against

"It is no longer enough to

has irreversibly scrapped apar-

South Africa.

sisting on the retention of sanctions, given the situation domestically and abroad," Tambo said. Tambo who returned to South Africa Thursday at the end of three decades in exile, called on ANC activists to intensify the struggle against white rule "at all fronts," but said this should take

February.

unions and other groups.

"We should carefully re-

son Mandela asked the European Community (EC) this month to delay any change in its sanctions policy until February or March next year, while the

NATO: Soviet arms spending higher than admitted BRUSSELS (R) — The Soviet Union is still spending far more on defence than Moscow has admitted, although it is cutting back in many areas now the cold

war is over, NATO said in a

special report Friday. Compiled by economic experts of the 16-nation Western alliance, the report says Moscow spent between 135 and 160 billion roubles (\$243 and 289 billion) on defence last year, compared with a figure of 77.3 billion roubles (\$139.4 billion) given by Soviet President

Mikhail Gorbachev. In real terms, Soviet defence spending fell by four per cent last year and similar size cuts were expected this year, according to the report which was made available to journalists.

falling until at least 1995 as the country's economic crisis obliged Moscow to devote more resources to the civilian sector. "We hope the trend will continue," a senior affied diplomat

The report says Soviet defence

spending is likely to continue

told reporters. "Despite greater openness ... there are still problems with published statistics that continue to understate the (defence) burden." For decades, the Soviet

Armed Forces took the lion's share of pulbic spending and the military, while deliying rumours of a coup, has grumbled about its reduced role and public The NATO report, based on

both published and intelligence material, says the Soviets do not include all defence items in their military budget. It also says their pricing systern does not reflect true costs -

hence the discrepancy between the NATO and Soviet spending figures. The rouble is not freely convertible to Western curren-NATO diplomats said the defence cuts were mostly in the

sphere of conventional weapons.

including tanks, armoured vehi-

cles. The withdrawal of troops

stationed in former Eastern

European satellites that have be-

come multi-party democracies with looser links to Moscow had also contributed. "There hasn't been that much change in Soviet production of

they are still modernising naval forces," one diplomat said. While mentioning in passing the possible break-up of the Soviet Union, the report does not reflect fully the gloom of another still-secret NATO paper

nuclear weapons, particularly

long-range nuclear missiles, and

Soviet Union. Nevertheless, it says Soviet attitudes to defence have changed radically over the last five years.

on the dire economic crisis in the

"Realisation that economic policy was failing, coupled with a reappraisal of political and security policy has led to dramatic changes," the report says. It says the Soviet Union is

continuing to convert military production to meet the increasingly desperate needs of consumers, who face bare shelves and food rationing. Civilian goods now account

for about half of defence industry output and that proportion will grow, it says. But the report is pessimistic

economic crisis. "Conversion is unlikely to fulfil all expectations," it says, "Soviet officials now understand that the financial benefits of arms control and conversion will be smaller and longer in

coming than they originally anticipated," the report adds. The report says "the continuing failure of economic policies" will provide an even greater impetus for reducing Soviet

defence spending. "During the 1990s, NATO also expects a radical reduction in the size of the military industrial complex and a further shifting of resources to the civilian

sector," it says. This will reduce the Soviet Union's ability to step up arms production in a crisis. But the report says NATO expects Moscow to retain enough conventional and nuclear forces to protect the security of the state.

### Stone charlot horses fetch \$606,000

LONDON (AP) - A fragment tary stone relief of two chariot horses from ancient Persepolis the match to another part of a relief in the British Museum sold at a Sotheby's auction. Thursday for £319,000. (\$606,000). The auction house said the fragment, showing the heads of two splendid steeds with their forelocks tied in topknots with tassels, was brought to England in the early 19th century by Sir Gore Ouseley, British ambassador to the court of. Persia from 1810 to 1815. Ouseley later presented some of his collection to the British Museum, leaving the rest, including the relief, to his son. The son, in turn, left the relief to St. Michael's College in Tenbury, ofwhich he was the founder. The college at one time reportedly used the piece as doorstop. It was later sold by the college at auction to an antique dealer from Cheltenham, who sold it Thursday. The buyer wished to: remain anonymous, Sotheby's

#### Town to get rid of embarrassing name SEXMOAN, Philippines (AP)

- For years, the name of this town north of Manila had been the butt of jokes - but no more. The Congress has decided to bring back the old pre-Spanish name. The Senate approved legislation renaming Sexmoan as Sasmuan. The bill has already been approved by the House of Representatives. Sen. Agapito Aguino said Sasmuan meant "meeting place" in Pampangan the local dialect. Spanish colonisers changed the first syllable to "sax." Then, under American rule in the early 20th century. the spelling was further changed to Sexmoan. Sen. Aquino said he did not know if plans were afoot to change the name of the nearby town of Macabebe, prontiunced "make-a-baby." The towns are about 60 kilometres

### Mrs. Aquino then backed off,

north of Manila.

ican cars and television sets. consumers around the world are madder than ever for Mickey. Michael and Madonna. According to a forthcoming issue of Fortune magazine, overseas shoppers have made U.S. pop culture the hottest export, and American icons, such as Disney cartoon character Mickey Mouse and pop singers Michael Jackson and Madonna, are ringing cash registers at an unprecedented rate. American movies, music, television programming and home video are bringing in a trade surplus of about \$8 billion a year, the magazine said in its Dec. 31 issue. It added that only the U.S. aerospace industry outranked pop culture as an export. The magazine said that over the last five years the overseas revenues of Hollywood studies had doubled and estimated sales of U.S. television shows to Europe at about \$600 million a year. In addition, the magazine said, the \$20 billion a year music business collected 70 per cent of its revenues outside the United States. Fortune said that recent, well-publicised investments in the entertainment industry by Japanese and European giants were merely the beginning of a

### Christmas miracle